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The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA, IN 1913.

EVERYTHING
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VOL. VI NO. 4 BOMBAY: FRIDAY, JANUARY 4, 1918. TWO ANNAS

SHIPPING

P. & O. AND BRITISH INDIA
(Companies Incorporated in England.)
MAIL & PASSENGER SERVICE.

STEAMERS of the P. & O. Co., will be despatched to London at frequent intervals calling at Aden, Port Said and Marseilles.

The BRITISH INDIA Co. will despatch Mail steamers for Karachi, Persian Gulf and East and South African ports at frequent intervals.

Terms and Rates of Freight and Passage for P. and O. and B. I., sailings may be arranged with

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Nicol Road, Fort, Bombay.

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Japan Mail Steamship Co., Ltd.
(Incorporated in Japan.)
REGULAR SERVICE TO JAPAN, VIA SINGAPORE, HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI.

For Sailings and Freight apply to

T. KAWAGUCHI,
Manager.
Alice Buildings,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA
(Incorporated in Japan.)
HEAD OFFICE.—OSAKA, JAPAN.
Fleet 133 Vessels, Gross Tonnage 361,421.

Steamers will be despatched at regular intervals to Japan via Singapore and Hongkong.

For freight and other particulars regarding sailing, etc., please apply to the undersigned.

M. UCHIYAMA,
Manager.
Sukhadwalla Building,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

THE
GREAT AMERICAN REMEDY.
Prof. JAMES'
Electro Tonic Pearls.

These Pills positively cure sleeplessness, failing memory, brain fag, incapacity, disinclination for work, study or business, general debility and all results of overwork and dissipation. In cases of premature old age, involuntary discharges and weariness after slight effort these Pearls effect a wonderful and almost a miraculous cure.

Price: Bottle of 25 Pearls, Rs. 1-4-0.
Price: Bottle of 40 Pearls, Rs. 2-0-0.
V. P. Charges, annas four extra.

SOLE AGENTS:
THE ANGLO-INDIAN DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO.
Market, BOMBAY

BANKING

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.
(Incorporated in the United Kingdom.)

Bankers to the Government in British East Africa and Uganda.
Esplanade Road, BOMBAY.
Subscribed Capital £2,000,000
Paid-up Capital £1,000,000
Reserve Fund £1,250,000
Head Office:
50, Bishopsgate, London, E.C.
Branches:

Calcutta	Chittagong	Mombasa
Bombay	Rangoon	Nairobi
Madras	Mandalay	Nakuru
Karachi	Colombo	Kisumu
Lahore	Kandy	Jinja
Amritsar	Nuwara Eliya	Kampala
Delhi	Aden (Camp)	Entebbe
Cawnpore	Aden (Steamer Point)	Tanga, East Africa
Tuticorin	Perim	Dar-es-Salaam, East Africa
Cochin	Zanzibar	

Agents in New York and South America:—The Anglo-South American Bank, Ltd.
Agents in Mauritius:
Mauritius Commercial Bank.

FIXED DEPOSITS.
The Bank receives Fixed Deposits for One year and shorter periods at rates of interest to be ascertained on application.
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS
are opened for Approved Customers and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 but no interest is allowed when the sum secured does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.
BILLS OF EXCHANGE.
payable in the principal cities of Europe, India, Africa, America and Australia or purchased or collected.
DRAFTS
are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal cities of Europe, Africa, America and Australia. Remittances may be by telegrams.
The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividend when due.
Loans and Cash Credits granted on approved securities.

RALPH KIDD,
Manager.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.
(Registered in Japan.)
Established 1880.
Subscribed Capital ..... Yen 48,000,000
Paid-up Capital ..... Yen 36,000,000
Reserve Fund ..... Yen 22,100,000
HEAD OFFICE.—YOKOHAMA.
Branches and Agencies at

Antung Hsein	Calcutta	Ryojun (Port Arthur)
Changchun	London	San Francisco
Darien (Dalne)	Lyons	Shanghai
Hankow	Fongtien	Sydney
Harbin	(Mukden)	(Australia)
Hongkong	Nagasaki	Seattle (U.S.A.)
Honolulu	Newchwang	Tiehling
Kobe	New York	Tientsin
Los Angeles (Cal U.S.A.)	Osaka	Tokyo
Liaoyang	Pekin	Tsingtau
	Singapore	Tsinanfu

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened at 2 per cent per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for One year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.
EVERY description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

N. IGARASHI,
Manager.
Post Box No. 207,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LTD.
ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1906.
INCORPORATED UNDER THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT VI OF 1882.
HEAD OFFICE—ORIENTAL BUILDINGS. BOMBAY.
CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED .....Rs. 1,00,00,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP .....Rs. 50,00,000
RESERVE FUND .....Rs. 10,00,000
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest is allowed on daily balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum from December 1st to May 31st, and 2 per cent. per annum for the remaining six months. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Re. 3 per half year.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.
GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS
Transacted rules for which can be obtained on application.

H. P. STRINGFELLOW,
Manager.

BANK OF BOMBAY.
HEAD OFFICE.
Mandvi Branch and Sandhurst Road Branch
SAVINGS BANK.
The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—
Sums not exceeding Rs. 2,000 in the aggregate may be deposited within any one year from 1st January to 31st December.
Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons and the balance made payable to one or more of them or to the survivor or survivors. Interest is allowed at the rate of four per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly balance not exceeding Rs. 10,000.
Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application at the Bank.

E. ATHEN,
Secretary and Treasurer.

INSURANCE

EMPIRE OF INDIA
LIFE ASSURANCE CO., LTD.
HEAD OFFICE, BOMBAY.
Funds exceed Rs.1,20,00,0000
Claims paid exceeds..... Rs. 36,00,000
Annual Income exceeds... Rs. 25,00,000
All classes of Life Assurance Transacted.
Prospectus and quotations to meet individual requirements may be obtained on application.

ALLUM, BHARUCHA & Co.,
Managers.

INSURE YOUR LIFE
IN
THE NATIONAL INDIAN LIFE INSURANCE CO. LIMITED.
Because—
(1) It is one of the foremost Indian Life Offices of unquestionable security.
(2) It offers world-wide policies at moderate rates.
(3) It is one of the very few offices issuing policies with Automatic Protection.
(4) Its policies have no irksome restrictions.

For further information, Prospectus, etc., please apply to—
THE GENERAL AGENTS.
Bombay and Deccan.
98, Medows Street,
BOMBAY.

THE
ORIENTAL
GOVERNMENT SECURITY LIFE
ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.
ESTABLISHED 1874.
INDIA'S
Model Life Assurance Company

FUNDS OVER	CLAIMS PAID OVER
Rs. 5,50,00,000	Rs. 5,00,00,000

The Question of the Moment

Have you made adequate and secure provision for your wife and family or for old age? If not, effect a Policy with the "ORIENTIAL" without a further moment's delay.

Low Premiums. Absolute Security.
Liberal Conditions.
Full particulars and forms on application.

R. PATERSON BROWN,
Manager.
Oriental Buildings, BOMBAY.

TURKO ROMAN BATH,
WITH MASSAGE AND VIBRATORY MASSAGE.
Separate arrangement for Ladies.
Restorer and Preserver of
HEALTH, STRENGHT AND BEAUTY.
Highly appreciated by the medical world.
Open: 8 a.m. to 9 p.m. Sundays not excepted.
Chambers: 803, Hornby Road, Bombay.
Opposite Whiteaway Laidlow & Co., Ltd.

THE BOMBAY WIDOWS' PENSION FUND LIMITED.
ESTABLISHED 1876.
No. 273, Hornby Road, near Fire Brigade Station.
Funded Capital over Two Lakhs.
Investments in Government and approved Securities only.
Regular Deposit with the Controller of Currency of the Government of India in terms of the Insurance Act.
The Accounts are subject to strict audit according to Indian Companies Act.
Perfect Economy in management. The supervision as to Rates, Mortality Investigation and Valuation is entrusted to an experienced European Actuary.
The object is to make provision for the widows of subscribers to a monthly pension from Rs. 5 to Rs. 50 without distinction of caste or creed. Rates of subscription are very moderate. Liberal Surrender Value in case the wife predeceased. Twelve months' grace if occupation is lost.
Commission to canvassers.
For details apply for a copy of Rules to—

GANJANAN SADANAND DESAI,
Secretary and Treasurer.

SALE BY AUCTION.

MESSRS. MEHTA & CO
Auctioneers to the Government and G. I. P. Railway.
No. 25, Medows Street, Fort Bombay.
Telephone No. 1235.

AN EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY TO DRUGGISTS, COLOUR MERCHANTS AND DYERS.

Messrs. MEHTA and Co., are instructed to invite private offers for the following stock of Aniline Dyes of original packing in half lb. and 1 lb. tins such as:—
Fuchsine red, fast pink, green crystals, orange and chrysoidine.
Samples can be seen on application to the Undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF 6 BRAND NEW ELECTRIC WHITE TABLE FANS (D. C.).
THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 4th instant, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. MEHTA and Co. will sell by Public Auction, by order of the Owner concerned, at their Rooms, No. 25, Nicol Street, Fort.
6 Brand New White Electric Table Fans (D. C.).

AUCTION SALE OF SHIRTINGS OF DIFFERENT Designs and Patterns, also of Khaki and Ireland Cloth.
THIS DAY FRIDAY, the 4th January, 1918, at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.) Messrs. MEHTA & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, at 98, Medows Street, Fort, by order of the consignees a direct consignment from Italy.
Ex: S.S. "Abydos."
50 pieces of shirtings of different designs and patterns, also a few sample pieces of Ecuador and Drill cloth in convenient lots to suit purchasers.
The above pieces will be on view from Wednesday 2nd January.

BONA-FIDE SALE.
SALE TO-DAY THE 4TH INSTANT, AT 2-30 P.M. (S.T.).
GOOD OPPORTUNITY TO DENTAL SURGEONS AND DEALERS.
TO-DAY, FRIDAY, the 4th instant, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. MEHTA & Co., are instructed to sell by public auction at their rooms at 98 Medows Street Fort, just opposite the Military Bazaars Lane by order of the Executors of the Estate of the late Dr. H. De Graaf the following goods consisting of dental accessories, furniture such as dental patent chair, dental engine, spittoon, cash boxes, wall clocks, tooth forceps, crown splitting plugger force mouth lamp, mouth mirrors, right angle attachment for engine, lances, excavator, seals for teeth, engine Diss, buff polishers, scales and weights, stereliner, hypodermic syringes, human skull, metal shengshners, electric table fan, large dental signboard, arm frame, sharp crown outfit complete, mouth trays, vulcanizer complete, driving wheels, lathe head, saws, scissors brass articulators pincers, vulcanize packers, scraper, small ennils, tapestry lined drawing rooms suites of sofas and chairs, dining tables, chairs, folding screens, tapestry door curtains, China flower pots with stands tables pictures, mirror and panel door almirahs bookcases, etc., etc.
The above goods are on view.

MEHTA & CO.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 4th January, 1918.

MENESSE & CO.
NO. 35, HUMMUM STREET, FORT.

AUCTION SALE OF ABOUT 16 CASES ELECTRIC CEILING FANS OF (ERCOLE MARELLIE & Co.).
Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction, THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 4th January, 1918, at 3 p.m. (S. T.), at their Rooms, by order of the concerned the following goods:—
About 16 cases Electric Ceiling Fans of (Ercole Marellie and Co.). "Indo"—D-C 220-230 volts—54 inches sweep.

AUCTION SALE of cassia, tapioca flake, wax, rattans, hemp, kopak, deer horns, nutmeg, gum copal, Peruvian bark, cajuput oil, rubber, gum benjamin, trocas, shells, coffee, anattozaad, teakwood, blackwood, cow and buffalo hides, and iron tubes and circular plates, etc., ex. S. S. "Panjim" and "Damao."
Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on WEDNESDAY the 9th, THURSDAY the 10th and FRIDAY the 11th January, 1918, at 3 p.m. (S. T.), at Mazagon, Sewri Port Trust Reclamation, near New Tank Bunder, in the enclosure of Messrs. W. and A. Graham and Co., under instructions received by the said firm from the Portuguese Government, the following cargo ex. the above vessels:—
About 145 bundles cassia, 72 bundles tapioca flake, 21 bundles wax, 2,315 bundles rattans, 31 bales hemp, 334 bales kopak, 13 cases deer horns, 230 cases nutmeg, 311 cases gum copal, 49 cases Peruvian bark, 126 cases cajuput oil in bottles, 47 cases rubber, 15 cases gum benjamin, 1 case machinery, 1 case sand paper, 10 cases earthen tiles, 700 bags gum copal, 400 bags trocas shells, coffee, 115 bags anattozaad, 969 pieces teakwood, 70 pieces blackwood, 700 pieces cow and buffalo hides, iron tubes, plates, sheets, hoops weighing about 4 tons, leather saddle, with numdah and bridle complete, 3 packages Persian carpets, more or less damaged, 1 case personal effects, 1 case Persian cushions, more or less damaged.
Teakwood, blackwood, hides and iron will be sold on the 11th January, 1918:—
A deposit of 25 per cent. in cash will be required on the lots being knocked down and the balance must be paid for and goods must be removed before the 30th January, 1918, failing which the goods will be resold on account and at the risk of the original purchaser.

MENESSE & Co.,
Bombay, 4th January, 1918.

GANDHI & CO
AUCTIONEERS & COMMISSION AGENTS.
No. 52 Medows Street.

AUCTION SALE OF 15 BALES PIECES PAPERS.
THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 4th January, 1918, at 3 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. GANDHI and Co., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms No. 52 Medows Street, Fort, by order of an office concerned and on account and at the risk of defaulting purchaser, The Crown Electric Printing Works.
15 bales Pieces Papers, each bale of 200 packets, each packet of 480 sheets.
A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

GANDHI & CO.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 4th January, 1918.

'FASHION-UP-TO-MARK.'
USE Our "English," "French," "Chinese" and "Japanese" Silk's and highly finished "Art Embroidery."
CHIC AND BEAUTY IN EVERY THREAD.
Stock leads the fashion of the day and our patrons are the leaders of "fashion-up-to-date" *Our Show Room is a veritable palace of*
OUR **MODERN SILK FOR MODERN DRESSES.**
SILKS! Our Show Room is a Palace of Silk goods, To visit it is a *"Study in Modern fashion"* and modern Dress materials. *Your visit. Solicited.*
AHMED E. ESAALI,
EMPIRE BUILDING, HORNBY ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY.

We want every reader to understand,
THAT THE
JAPANESE FINE ARTS
is the only place in the city where he would be completely satisfied. Please note the following:
IN OUR EMPORIUM
1. High class Silks Crepe-de-chene and Silk Stockings,
2. Curios and Brass Wares,
3. Crockery, Fancy goods and Toys, etc; etc; etc.
OUR PRICES ARE MODERATE.

SALE BY AUCTION.

BENNETT & CO.
22, APOLLO STREET, FORT.

AUCTION SALE OF BUILDING MATERIALS.
Under instructions from the Resident Engineer, Bandra Branch, Extension G. I. P. Railway, Messrs. BENNETT & Co., will on THIS DAY FRIDAY the 4th January, 1918, at 4-30 p.m., (S.T.) sell by Public Auction, on the premises at Musjid Station Road, the building materials of the following properties:—
At Musjid Station Road, Land Plan No. 61 case No. XV, Ward B. Municipal Street No. 8-9, a three storied building.
Case No. XIV, Ward B. Municipal Street Nos. 10-12 a two storied building.
Case No. XI, Ward B. Municipal Street Nos. 12-13, a four storied building.
A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

TO-MORROW SATURDAY, the 5th instant, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, etc.
The property of a gentleman consisting of dining tables, easy chairs, single and double almyrahs, cheval glass, dressing table, revolving book stand easel, brass and iron and modern bedsteads, hanging lamps, ice box, zinc bath tub, etc.
AT 2 P.M. (S.T.).
1 second-hand hubber tyred glass fronted miniature office brougham.
1 second-hand rubber tyred victoria, in good order.
1 second-hand rubber tyred palanquin office shigram.
1 Bay horse, quiet in harness.

SALE ON MONDAY, THE 7TH JANUARY AT 2 P.M.
A GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR STARTING A NEW CINEMA UP-COUNTRY.
AUCTION SALE OF LARGE CORRUGATED IRON SHEDS AND ALL ACCESSORIES AND FURNITURE OF THE OLYMPIA CINEMA.
On MONDAY, the 7th January, 1918, at 2 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction at Olympia Cinema, at Sandhurst Road, the whole of the Cinema Structure, Engines, Dynamos, Railing, Machinery, Films, etc., consisting of a large theatre, 2 corrugated iron sheds, motor generator and engine, furniture such as couches, cushions, chairs, tables, benches, etc., electric stores, and apparatus, loose corrugated sheets and angles, projectors, iron railing and gates, fire extinguishers, Pianola, large Orchestra with rolls, garden tubs and pots, one Crown Combinola cottage piano by "Sounds," electric pearl light, electric chandeliers and figures, teakwood planks and rafters, and other sundry articles.
The property of a gentleman. One single cylinder, 4 seater, DeDion motor car, in working order.
Catalogues are published and the above is now on view.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTIES AT (1) FORAS ROAD (2) BHENDY BAZAR AND (3) BABULA TANK
Under instructions from Messrs. Tyabji Dayabhai and Co., Attorneys for Ali Akbar Hasanalli Fyzee and Ali Asghar Hasanally Fyzee and of Messrs. Payne and Co; Attorneys for Ali Azhar Asanally Fyzee, Ali Athar Hasanally Fyzee, Her Highness Lady Nazli Rafia Begum, Begum Atiya Fyzee Rahamin and Zohra Begum Hasanali Fyzee who are the joint owners, Messrs. Bennett and Co., will sell by Public Auction on the days time and places mentioned against the lots the following valuable landed properties:—
LOT NO. I—Property at Foras Road to be sold on MONDAY, the 21st day of January 1918, at 11-30 p.m., (S.T.), on the premises.
All that piece or parcel of leasehold ground with the messuage tenements chawls or ranges of buildings standing thereon situate at Foras Road in the Registration sub-district of Bombay and assessed by the Collector of assessment under E Ward No. 2990 to 3003 and Street Nos. 1 to 87 Foras Road and bearing new survey Nos. 6922 and 6923 and containing by admeasurement six thousand nine hundred and forty-four square yards and four-ninths of another square yard or thereabouts and bounded on or towards the East by the house of Cursetji Sethna on or towards the West by a vacant piece of land belonging to Shivlal Mottilal or towards the North by the stable, yard and compound of Messrs. Payne and Co. and on or towards the South by Foras Road aforesaid.

SALE BY AUCTION.

BENNETT & CO.—(Contd.)

LOT NO. II.—Property at Bhendi Bazar, Parel Road, to be sold on Tuesday the 22nd day of January 1918 at 4-30 p.m., (S.T.), on the premises.
All that piece of land with the dwelling house standing thereon situate on the West side of Bhendi Bazar or Parel Road, without the Fort in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay and containing by admeasurement three hundred square yards and seven-ninths of another square yard or thereabouts, formerly assessed by the Municipality under C. Ward No. 8059 and Street No. 310—320 and bearing Collector's Old No. 2910, New No. 699 and bounded on or towards the East by Bhendi Bazaar or Parel Road on or towards the West by the property of Dadabhai Nowroji Davar on or towards the North by the property of Lalji Kurson and on or towards the South by the Nizam Street.
LOT NO. III.—Properties at Babulla Tank to be sold on Wednesday the 23rd day of January 1918 at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) on the premises.
FIRSTLY.—All that piece of land or ground with the dwelling house standing thereon situate on the West side of Ally Mahomed Khan Street in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement one thousand three hundred and forty-eight square yards and five-ninths of another square yard or thereabouts and registered in the Books of Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey No. 3349 and the Books of the Collector of Municipal Assessment under B Ward No. 3449 and Street No. 5 and bounded on or towards the East by the said Alli Mahomed Khan Street on or towards the West by Babulla Tank, on or towards the North by the property formerly belonging to Mirza Ali Mahomed Khan and now belonging to Sultan Navaz Jung of Hyderabad and on or towards the South by the property formerly belonging to Mirza Ally Mahomed Khan and now belonging to Aga Syed Mahomed Kasrani.
SECONDLY.—All that piece of land with the stable standing thereon situate in the registration sub-district and Island of Bombay fronting on the East side of Ally Mahomed Khan Street registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 728, New No. 3335, Old Survey No. 2497 and New Survey No. 3649 and assessed by the Collector of Assessment No. B Ward No. 3446 and Street No. 1-2 containing by admeasurement two hundred and fifty-six square yards and two-nine of another square yard or thereabouts and bounded on or towards the East by the Burial ground, on or towards the West by the said Ally Mahomed Khan Street and on or towards the North by the said Alli Mahomed Khan Street and on or towards the South by a Quarry and the Burial ground.
For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Tyabji Dayabhoy and Co Solicitors High Court, at their Office No. 135, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay or to the undersigned.

BENNETT & Co.,
Bombay, 4th January, 1918.

B. MANEKLAL & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS & COMMISSION AGENTS.
No. 7, Green Street, Fort, adjacent to Bank of Bombay.

GRAND AUCTION SALES OF JEWELLERY AND FURNITURE.
TO-MORROW SATURDAY, the 5th instant, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. B. MANEKLAL and Co., Auctioneers, will in the premises of the New Auction Rooms, recently opened by them at the ground floor, of No. 7, Green Street, Fort, just adjacent to Bank of Bombay, sell by Public Auction, very neat and handsome artistic teak and blackwood household and office furniture in almost all designs, and some other sundry articles.
One packet and some loose precious brilliants, 2 bunch pearls jiwan, some diamond rings and other valuable readymade diamond, pearl and gold ornaments.
Articles are on view.
Terms as usual.

B. MANEKLAL & Co.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 4th January, 1918.

ADVERTISEMENT AND SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

"Wanted," "To be Let," and "For Sale" Advertisements, when not strictly appertaining to any regular business, are charged at the following rates, which must be prepaid:—

Advertisements not exceeding (20 words) 8 annas per insertion; every additional word ½ anna.

Advertisements are not received after 3 p.m. for insertion in the next day's paper.

Domestic Announcements.—6 lines. Rs. 2 per insertion prepaid. Every additional line, annas 4 extra.

Government, Railway, Legal and other Public Notifications.—Twelve annas per line or Rs. 6 per inch. Minimum charge Rs. 2.

Company Prospectuses and Company Notices—Twelve annas per line or Rs. 6 per inch.

Trade Announcements in Special Short Advertisement Columns.—Two annas per line or Re. 1 per inch. No display allowed.

Educational Announcements.—Six annas per line or Rs. 3 per inch.

All advertisements are payable strictly in advance.

Special contract rates for display advertisements can be had on application to:

THE MANAGER.

"Bombay Chronicle." Office,

No. 3, Medows Street, Bombay.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

Payable Strictly in Advance.

DAILY EDITION.

	LOCAL.	UP-COUNTRY
Yearly.....	Rs. 30-0	Rs. 35-0
Half-yearly..	„ 16-0	„ 18-0
Quarterly ..	„ 8-0	„ 9-0
Monthly	„ 3-0	„ 3-8

Single Copy.....TWO Annas.

SUNDAY EDITION.

	LOCAL.	UP-COUNTRY
Yearly	Rs. 5-0	Rs. 6-0

Single Copy .....ONE Anna.

All subscriptions commence on and from the 1st or 15th day of the month; broken periods preceding the subscription date are counted at 2 annas per copy.

Monthly Subscribers should send their Subscription in advance, regularly, to maintain continuous supply.

TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS

AGENCY—On a commission of Re. 1-9-0 per cent., we send all sorts of things procurable in Bombay at a cheapest rate in the market. Write to KALOORAM RAMKOOWAR & Co., Commission Agents, Bombay, Post No. 3. 1588

ARE you in need of servants? If so, we can supply you with servants for every service. Apply to ABDUL GAFFAR KHAN, 2nd Pirkhan Street, New Nagpada, Bombay. 1543

SITUATIONS VACANT.

COMPOUNDER WANTED—Appiy personally Dr. DINSHAW H. L. BATLIWALLA, Elphinstone Road, Parel. 1591

WANTED—An OFFICE ASSISTANT, knowing Typewriting, strong in English and correspondence work. Salary Rs. 40—5—60. Apply in own handwriting with testimonials to Box No. 393 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1534

WANTED—An EUROPEAN or EURASIAN LADY TEACHER to give tuitions in English to an Indian lady at home three times a week. Apply stating terms to Box No. 594, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1598

WANTED—AN ENGLISH LADY AS GOVERNESS to take care of three children, aged 9, 8 and 6. Apply with testimonials stating age and expected pay to PRIVATE SECRETARY to, H. H. the Thakore Saheb of Rajkot, (Kathiawar). 1558

WANTED for a leading Hotel of India, ONE EUROPEAN DINING ROOM SUPERINTENDENT, ONE EUROPEAN KITCHEN SOU-CHEF, TWO HAIRDRESSERS, all with first class experience. Applicants are requested to send their offers with full particulars and photo, stating salary desired to Box No. 592, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1580

WANTED—AN ENGLISH SPEAKING CLERK with previous experience in Brigade or Regimental Office to superintend Returns Records, and Files of Indian Infantry Depot. Pay Rs. 35—5—40 per mensem to suitable man. Apply forwarding testimonials, etc., to ADJUTANT DEPOT, 105th Mahratta Light Infantry, Belgaum. 1177

WANTED for an Indian Army Depot a PAY CLERK with previous experience in Departmental or Regimental Offices. Pay Rs. 30-5-40 to suitable man. Apply forwarding testimonials, etc., to Adjutant Depot, 105th Mahratta Light Infantry, Belgaum. 1245

REQUIRED IMMEDIATELY—A STENO TYPIST with thorough English qualifications who can take notes at great speed. Salary Rs. 400 according to qualifications. Apply with photograph statin number of words per minute to PRIVATE SECRETARY to His Highness Sri Maharaj Deo of Alwar. 1434

WANTED.

WANTED TO RENT—At once a very decent FLAT from Colaba Ry. Station to Bandra, must be up-to-date. Please apply Box No. 589, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1563

WANTED—One vertical or horizontal tubular BOILER, 160 lbs. working pressure, 5 to 6 H. P. New or second-hand. Apply Box No. 578, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1513

WANTED—PURCHASERS for Vigor's Blue Black Ink. For particulars please apply to "The VIGOR CHEMICAL WORKS." Kalyan, District, Thana. 1587

WANTED—CHIEF AGENTS & AGENTS everywhere to secure Life and Marriage cases. Liberal commission and allowances on guaranteed business. Apply sharp to EASTERN INVESTMENT OF COMMERCE, LIMITED, Fort, Bombay. 1298

WANTED—A Second Hand LANCASHIRE BOILER measuring 30 by 8 with working pressure more than 150 lbs. in good working order. (2). One DRILLING MACHINE, double geared capable to hole up to 1". (3). One PLANING MACHINE, stroke 4'. Write to HARKISHEN LAL & SONS. Lessees of the Lahore Spg. & Wg. Mills Co. Ltd., Shahdara Mills, Near Lahore. 1585

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—JAIPUR and MIRZAPUR CARPETS of all sizes and tastes in retail at factory prices by MEHTA & Co., Auctioneers, 25, Medows Street, Fort.

FOR SALE—One OIL ENGINE, 18 H. P. in good condition and working order; also one boiler Cornish type 8 H. P. Size 12ft. by 4½ft. Apply Box No. 577, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1512

A 17-24 H.-P. DODGE BROTHERS' TOURING CAR is FOR SALE with all modern equipments. Price Rs. 5,000 nett. No offer. Apply Dr. A. F. HAKIM, Eruchshaw Building, Hornby Road. 1567

FOR SALE—SUGAR FACTORY and FLOUR MILLS with their full requisites. For further particulars, apply to:—BAKHSHI DARSHAN SINGH, Hony. Magistrate, P. O. Malooksingh, (Sindh). 1589

FOR SALE—(1). SMITH HEARTH, No. 3 single water front; (2) ACME BLOWER B. size fitted with rope pulley; (3) CAST IRON flanged pipes, 7 in. by 9 ft. eq. 39, 6 in. by 9 ft. eq. 15, 5 in. by 9 ft. eq. 4; (4) CAST IRON quarter Bends, 6 in Dia by 5, 5 in. Dia by 2; (5) One DRILLING MACHINE, Rochdale make, capable of holing 1¼ in.; (6) One PLANING MACHINE, stroke 5 ft.; (7). Two ANVILS, weighing 2 cwts. and 4 cwts.; (8). Twist DRILL GRINDER; (9) One big DREDGER; (10) GIRDERS H. BEAM, 9 in. by 4 in. by 27 ft.; (11). One HOIST for lifting fully pressed cotton Bales, lift 30ft./35ft.

Intending customers are requested to communicate with the undersigned.

DUKHBHANJANLAL, Secretray, Messrs. HARKISHANLAL & SONS, Lessees. The Lahore Spinning & Weaving Mills Co., Ld., Shahdara, near Lahore. 1586

PUBLIC NOTICE.

NOTICE.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a DIVIDEND for the half year ended 31st December last, at the rate of 15 per cent. per annum, a bonus of 2 per cent. per annum and a special Jubilee bonus of one per cent. per annum, all free from Income-Tax, will be payable on application on and after the 11th instant to registered shareholders on 31st December, 1917.

By order of the Board,
R. AITKEN,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Bombay, 3rd January, 1918. 1599

LEGAL NOTICE.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that MERWANJI DHANJIBHAI GHASWALLA MINOCHER DHANJIBHAI GHASWALLA and NADIRSHAW DHANJIBHAI GHASWALLA, all of Bombay Parsi Inhabitants have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to my client.

All persons having any claim or demand against or to the said property either by way of mortgage, gift, sale, use, trust, lien, possession, inheritance, lease, or otherwise howsoever are hereby requested to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at his office at No. 14, Hummum Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground situate, lying and being at Modi Street in the City and Registration Sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 92 square yards or thereabouts entered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 707, 708, New Nos. 5907-5909, Old Survey No. 1008-1032, New Survey No. 9276 and by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under 'A" Ward No. 2023 and Street No. 16, 18 and bounded as follows:—That is to say on or towards the East by the property of Bejonji Cowasji Jassawalla, on or towards the North partly by the property of Cawasji Dinsha Daruwalla and partly by the Modi Cross Lane and on or towards the South by the property of Hirjibhai Mancherji Malegaumwalla.

Dated this 3rd day of January, 1918.

MANCHERSHAW B. CHOTHIA,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

1597

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that at an AUCTION SALE held on the 22nd day of December, 1917, one of our clients agreed to purchase from Dr. YESHWANT NARAYEN KADAM of Bombay now risiding in England, the property hereinafter mentioned.

All persons having any claim or demand against the said property by way of mortgage, gift, sale, trust, possession, inheritance, lease, lien, or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office at 123, Esplanade Road, Fort, within 14 days from the date hereof, as otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim or demand and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

All that piece or parcel of freehold land or ground together with the messuage tenements or building standing thereon, situate at Bhai Jivanji Lane, opposite Thakurdwar Temple, without the Fort of Bombay in the registration sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 311 square yards or thereabouts and bearing Collector's Old No. 45, New No. A/307, Old Survey No. 111, and New Survey No. 8112 and bounded on the East by Parbhu Seminary School, on the West by a sweeper's passage on the North by Bhai Jivanji's lane, and on the South by a sweeper's passage which said property bears Municipal C Ward No. 4032 (1) Street No. 2.

Dated this 3rd day of January, 1918.

WADIA GHANDY & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

1595

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that DAMODAR RAGHOBA, PANDURANG GANPAT, SHANTARAM BHAURAM, MORESHWAR RAMCHANDRA and SADANAND MUKUND, managers of the Math of Swami Anandanand, all of Bombay Hindu Inhabitants have agreed to sell the undermentioned property to our client JAYARAM TUKARAM CHEMBURKAR. Any person having any claim in or to the said property or any part thereof by way of sale, exchange, mortgage, gift, trust, inheritance, possession, lease, lien, easement or otherwise howsoever is hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office No. 35, Medows Street, within the Fort Bombay within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same will be considered as waived

DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Fazandari land or ground containing by admeasurement 3,000 square yards or thereabouts situate, lying and being at Worlee Mhatarpakhady, within the Registration Sub-district of Bombay, assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under G Ward No 321 and Street Nos. 223 and Collector's New Survey No. 3269, and bounded as follows:—That is to say on or towards the East by the property of Esaji Moosaji, on or towards the West by the Charitable property called Gopachar, on or towards the North by the property of Dorabji Khurshetji Shroff and on or towards the South partly by the property of Mangaldas Nathubhai and partly by the property of Damodar Raghoba.

Dated this 3rd day of January, 1918.

SABNIS & GOREGAOKER,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

1590

NOTICE.

IS HEREBY GIVEN that Bai MEHERBAI, widow of MANECKJI DADABHAI ARJANI and WIFE, of RUSTOMJI HORMUSJI HAKIM has contracted to sell to our client Mr. HOOSEIN BADRUDDIN TYABJI, the undermentioned property and that all persons having any right, title, interest, claim or demand in to or upon the said land hereditaments and premises or any part thereof by way of inheritance, gift, bequest, charge, mortgage, sale, lease, lien, or otherwise howsoever are hereby required within fourteen days from the date hereof, to make the same known in writing to the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay or to the undersigned at their Offices within the Fort, at 135, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, or that otherwise, the sale will be completed without regard for such claim, if any, and that the same will be considered as having been waived and void.

PARTICULARS OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Pension and Tax tenure land (together with the messuage, tenements, or buildings standing thereon) situate, lying and being on the North side of Malabar Hill, or Walkeshwar Road, without the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 860 square yards or thereabouts and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 156, New No. 1B/1451, Old Survey No. 17, and New Survey Nos. 4A/7288 and 7289 and bounded on the East by the property of Bai Motibai wife of Dr. Hiraji Edalji, on the West by the property of Ardeshir Khodabux Irani on the North by the property of Jaffer Sulleman and on the South by Malabar Hill or Walkeshwar Road and the buildings thereon are assessed by the Bombay Municipality under D Ward Nos. 2494(7) and 2494(7A) and Street Nos. 501-503 and 503A and which said premises are now in the occupation of the Vendor.

Dated this 3rd day of January, 1918.

TYABJI DAYABHAI & Co.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

1596

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Dr. ERUCHSHAW JAMSHEDJI HAKIM, of Bombay Parsi, has agreed to sell the undermentioned property. All persons having any interest in or claim against the said property by way of inheritance, gift, sale, mortgage, lease, lien or otherwise howsoever, are therefore hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned, attorneys for the purchasers at their office, in the Mercantile Bank Building, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, within fourteen days from the date hereof. In default the sale will be completed without reference to the claims or interest of which no notice shall have been so received, and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Freehold land situate at Syed Abdul Rehman Street, in the City and Registration Sub-District of Bombay, together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon, containing by admeasurement 277 3/9 square yards or thereabouts and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 572, New No. Old Survey No. 3378 and New Survey No. and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under B Ward No. 93 and Street Nos. 385, 89 and bounded as follows:—That is to say, on or towards the North by the property of the firm of Ebrahim Fattabhai, on or towards the South by the property of Soni Maganchand Nanchand, on or towards the West by the said Syed Abdul Rehman Street and on or towards the East by the properties of Thakar Jairam Ramji and Ebrahim Fattabhai.

Dated this 3rd day of January, 1918.

PAYNE & Co.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

1594

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Messrs. RAMGOPAL BALDEV have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to one of our clients. All persons having or claiming any right, title, interest, claim or demand in to or upon or in respect of the said hereditaments and premises or any part thereof by way of inheritance, gift, bequest, trust, charge, mortgage, sale, lease, lien or otherwise howsoever, are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes, Bombay, and also to the undersigned at their office at No. 79, Medows Street, Fort, within 14 days from the date hereof, at the expiration of which period the sale will be completed without reference to such claims, if any, and the same will then be considered and deemed to have been waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All those Government pieces or parcels of Batty land or ground with buildings, dwelling houses and bungalow standing thereon, situate, lying and being at Village Dunda near Santa Cruz, District Thana, Sub-District Bandra, Taluka Salsette, bearing respectively (one) Collector's Survey No. Thirty-four, Pot No. Sixteen, admeasuring one guntha and a half, bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the East by the land of Fadsu Gustin, on or towards the West by B. B. and C. I. Railway, on or towards the South and North by the property of Peerozshaw Dossabhoy. (Second) Survey No. Three hundred and eleven, Pot No. Eleven, admeasuring five gunthas and bounded on or towards the East by the property of Fadsu Gustin and Francis Gome, on or towards the West by the property of Peerozshaw Dossabhoy, on or towards the South by the property of Gustin Fardu Sone and on or towards the North by the property of Peerozshaw Dossabhoy. (Third), Survey No. One hundred and six, Pot No. Fourteen, admeasuring four gunthas and three-fourth of another guntha, bounded on or towards the East by the property of Manu, on or towards the West by the property of Peerozshaw Dossabhoy, on or towards the South by the property of Karrimbhoy Jalbhai, on or towards the North by the property of Munju Gome, admeasuring in all eleven gunthas or thereabouts.

Dated this 2nd day of January, 1918.

MALVI, MODY, RANCHODDAS & Co.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

1593

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that NARAYAN NARSOOJI VAZARKAR, Receiver in High Court Suit No. 1346 of 1915, has pursuant to the power given to him in the Consent Decree, dated 31st July, 1917, in the said suit with the consent in writing of the parties to the said suit No. 1346 of 1915 and of the respective guardians *ad litem* of such of the parties to the said suit as are minors, contracted and agreed to sell to our client, Mr. NANA YESSOO PADWAL, the property described in the Schedule hereunder written:—

All persons having or claiming any estate, right, title, interest, claim or demand in to upon or against the said property or any part thereof by way of sale, exchange, mortgage, trust, lease, gift, inheritance, succession, possession, lien or otherwise howsoever, are hereby required to make the same known in writing to us at our office at No. 13, Military Square Lane, Fort, Bombay, and also to the Assessor and Collector of the Municipal Rates and Taxes, Bombay, and to the Fazendar of the said properties within fourteen days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase shall be completed without reference to any such claim and all such claims, if any, shall be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All the estate, rights, title and interest of the plaintiffs and defendants in suit No. 1346 of 1915, in all that piece or parcel of Fazendari land or ground together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon, situate, lying and being at Umerkhadi, admeasuring 541 square yards or thereabouts and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under B Ward No. 3552, Street Nos. 79-87, standing in the name of Narsooji Pandooji Vazarkar and bounded on the North by Umerkhady Road, on the South by passage, on the East by the property of Joarquin D'Souza and on the West by a passage.

Dated this 3rd day of January, 1918.

Messrs. MANCHERSHAH & NARMADASHANKAR,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

1592

AMUSEMENTS:

WANTED CINEMA LOVERS

to note that we are prepared to undertake private Cinema entertainment in any part of Bombay in a place fitted with electric installation, at Moderate Charges.

All inquiries should be addressed to the

Proprietor,
IMPERIAL CINEMA,
Lamington Road.

1476

ELDORADO

CINEMA.

Lamington Road, North.

To-Night! To-Night!

FIRST THREE EPISODES OF OUR GREAT "ACTION" SERIAL:

THE

AMERICAN GIRL

Packed with thrills, dare-devil flirtations with death, blood-curdling action. It makes the most hardened "fan" gasp with its

SPEED-PEP-AND PUNCH.

Also showing

FATTY'S PLUCKY PUP,

Keystone Comedy in Two Parts.

3 Shows Nightly at 7-0, 8-45 & 10-30.

AMUSEMENTS.

LAST WEEK **POSITIVELY** LAST WEEK

OF

THE FLYING VISIT TO BOMBAY OF

MISS TARABAI

the famous Indian Rajput Lady Sandow, together with her champion

CIRCUS TROUPE

She has proved a very stupendous success, and she has created quite a whirlwind of sensations in our City by her prodigious, amazing, daring feats.

Hurry* up and *See

MISS TARABAI

in her full glory of performing these astounding feats.

You will simply be amazed—rendered mute and gaping with wonder—at seeing them.

MISS TARABAI'S

50 STAR ARTISTS 50

perform varied feats which are simply marvellous. See **Denver Bill** in his extraordinary performance of shooting, and lassooing.

Special Concessions to Schools

in

SATURDAY 5 P. M. ***Matinee*** SATURDAY 5 P. M.

School boys and girls will be admitted at half rates in all classes. The Heads of the institutions are requested to apply to the Manager for concession tickets.

One show every night at 9-30 p.m. (S. T.) at the spacious Tent near Grant Road Station.

THE EXCELSIOR

EVERY EVENING AT 6-30 P. M.

3 EPISODES THIS WEEK of the Wonder Serial

"THE SHIELDING SHADOW"

REMEMBER!

SATURDAY JANUARY 5th

THE

"MYSTERY OF THE DOUBLE CROSS"

AT

IMPERIAL

IMPERIAL

The Premier Picture Palace of Bombay.

LAMINGTON ROAD.

To-night.

THE YOUNGEST STAR OF THE CINEMA WORLD.

BABY MARIE OSBORNE IN "SUNSHINE AND GOLD."

A Gold Rooster Play in 5 Acts.

A Film of Unique Interest, Charm and Beauty.

Bring your Kids along and do not miss this Treat.

"WIFFLES MAKES A MUDDLE OF IT" Comic.

PATHE GAZETTE Latest.

"FAIRY IRIS" Magic-Coloured.

TIME: 7, 8-45 and 10-30 p. m. daily.

Matinee every Saturday and Sunday 5 p. m.

POPULAR PRICES.

Balcony seats 1-8 each.

Special Family Complete Boxes to seat 4 at Rs. 8. each.

N.B.—We have lately fitted up our Balcony with spacious closed Boxes for Families.

The best accommodation for Purdha Ladies.

To-day is the last day to see this week's four parts of

"THE SECRET OF THE SUBMARINE"

an intensely gripping and thrilling Serial. Thousands daily see this mighty Scientific production—and admire it.

The plot now thickens—it becomes really interesting!

SEE IT AT THE

WEST END CINEMA

(New Churney Road)

Four shows to-day—at 5-30, 7; 8-45 and 10-15 p. m. (S. T.)

Also a CHARLIE CHAPLIN Comic.

HALF PRICES AS USUAL.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 09 April, 2017

AMUSEMENTS.

THE EXCELSIOR

TO-NIGHT AT 9-30

MAURICE E. BANDMAN presents the

BANDMAN OPERA COMPANY

In a repertoire of the Latest London Success

TO-DAY FRIDAY 4TH

"THE BING BOY'S ARE HERE"

Saturday & Sunday 5th & 6th

THE

"MAID OF THE MOUNTAINS"

HALF PRICE MATINEE

on Sunday at 5 p.m.

Plan open at Rose & Co., After 7 p.m. at the Theatre.

THE EMPIRE

To-day at 6-30, 8-15 and 10 p. m.

ANOTHER FINE

GOLD ROOSTER

A Beautiful Star in a Great Photoplay

MOLLIE KING

MOLLIE KING

MOLLY KING PATHE STAR

IN

BLIND MAN'S LUCK

BLIND MAN'S LUCK

A fast action Play of 20th Century Smugglers and the Long Arm of the Law.

Better than "Kick In" and by the same Producer.

The Beautiful Young Heroine

MOLLIE KING

in a Magnificent Story and Atmosphere of Mystery

NEW ALEXANDRA

Near Crawford Market.

TO-NIGHT! TO-NIGHT!

An Absorbing and Powerful Production

QUICKSANDS

An All-British Picturization of Ben Landeck's famous play—

"A GUILTY MOTHER"

A story of real life, showing the snares and pitfalls into which an innocent girl falls, and how she is rescued therefrom by a really noble-hearted lover.

A drama of strength, with the interest increasing from the first moment of showing. Full of human pathos.

LATEST TOPICAL BUDGET

and

CHARLIE CHAPLIN.

3 SHOWS NIGHTLY at 7, 8-45 and 10-30.

WORLD KNOWN MANUFACTURING OF

High Class Woollen and Cotton Carpets

AND

FANCY DARRIES

MADE TO ANY SIZES.

Prices on application

Govind Vinayak & Sons,

CARPET MANUFACTURER,

AGRA.

AMUSEMENTS.

PALACE

OF VARIETIES

Gaiety Theatre

AT 6-30 **To-night** AT 10 p.m.

Grand Triple Programme

TOM MELBOURNE

And his

BEVY OF BEAUTIES

EILEEN, ROSIE, PEGGY AND LAURA

Present

Smilestones

A Pot-pourri of MUSIC, MELODY, MIRTH & LAUGHTER

The Great Sale

AT

RIGHTAWAYS

A Musical Comedy by

T. MELBOURNE

The Manager—**Tom Melbourne**

The Assistant—**J. Wilson**

Mrs. Bell from Byculla—

A Lady from Aberdeen—

Miss Mahaluxima—

Eileen Melbourne

RHUBARB, MAGNESIA, CITRATE } LADY ASSTS :—

ROSIE CASTELLO, PEGGY CASTELLO, LAURA DIAMOND.

THE PIPER, THE DRUMMER :—

TOM MELBOURNE

Scene: RIGHTAWAYS STORES

Grand Finale: You Can't Beat BOMBAY FOR THE GIRL.

In Addition

SELECT CINEMA.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

'BOMBAY'S MOST CENTRAL THEATRE

Home of Celebrities.

Present More Sights from the Stupendous Repertoire of the

FILLIS' CIRCUS & WILD WEST SHOW

TWICE DAILY AT 5 AND 9-30 P.M.

SECOND CHANGE OF PROGRAMME

Initial Production of the

WILD WEST DRAMA

Entitled

FOR THE LOVE OF A COWBOY

Vivid Scenes of Prairie Life in 3 Parts. Introducing the intelligent Animals

PRINCE, the highly trained horse and SAM, the sagacious dog.

The tactful and patient training of Col. Fillis is here displayed in its highest stability.

50 COWBOYS RED INDIANS? 50

In number. In number.

COWGIRLS, HURRICANE RIDERS

Taking part in the production on the stage

REALISTIC SCENES, EXCITING MOMENTS,

DARE DEVIL HOLD UPS.

Make a point of seeing this Spectacle. A sight to be seen in a lifetime.

SPECIAL REDUCED PRICED MATINEE

TO-DAY AT 5 P. M.

PRICES: Rs. 3, Rs. 2, Re. 1 and Ans. 8 only.

DON'T FORGET.

ONLY ONE PERFORMANCE.

TAKE YOUR CHANCE.

Reduced Night Prices :—Rs. 4, 3, 2. 1, and Ans. 8.

Children half prices to Matinees.

Menagerie on view daily from 9 to 4.

Booking at Rose & Co.'s from 10 to 6.

Booking at the Theatre from 9 to 1 and 4 to 6.

NO CINEMA TO-DAY AS THE CIRCUS MATINEE IS ON.

AUDITS.

ACCOUNTANCY and AUDIT WORK of Private Firms and Partnership concerns undertaken at moderate fees. Investigation and Audjustment of Accts. bet. Partners or on behalf of contending creditors undertaken. Arbitration undertaken and carried out uprightly.

Apply :—

CAWASJI BURJORJI TENGRA,

Public Accountant & Auditor,

26/8, Medows Street, Fort,

BOMBAY.

Tele: No. 1103.

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS.

Mails for Laurenzo Marquis and South Africa via Dhanushkodi and Colombo will be closed at the General Post Office at 7-30 p.m.

SATURDAY, January 5.

Bombay Races: Fifth Extra Meeting.

SUNDAY, January 6.

Special Lay for Prayer.

Parsis' Prayer, Anjuman's Fire Temple, Dhobi Talao, 5-30 p.m.

MONDAY, January 7.

Bombay High Court re-opens after Xmas vacation.

Bombay Exemption Tribunal, Town Hall, 11 a.m.

Municipal Corporation Meeting, 3-40 p.m.

TUESDAY, January 8.

Their Excellencies the Governor and Lady Willingdon arrive at Victoria Terminus at 7 a.m.

THURSDAY, Jan. 10.

Mails for Mauritius and Reunion via Dhanushkodi and Colombo, will be closed at the General Post Office at 7-30 p.m.

Mails for E. A. E Force Lamu, Mombasa, Zanzibar, will be closed at the General Post Office at 8 a.m.

AMUSEMENTS.

TO-NIGHT.

Miss Tarabai's Circus. 9-30 p.m.

Fillis Circus at Royal Opera House, 5 p.m. and 9-30 p.m.

Excelsior Theatre: Bandman Opera at 9-30 and Cinema at 6-30 p.m.

Empire Cinema: 6-30, 8-15 and 10 p.m.

Palace of Varites: X'mas Pantomime Aladdin 6-30 and 10 p.m., Gaiety Theatre.

Imperial Cinema: Lamington Road, 7-0, 8-45, and 10-30.

New Alexandra Cinema:, Lohar Chawl, Princess Street.

West End Cinema: Charni Road: 5-30, 7-0 8-45 and 10-15.

Anglo-American Cinema: Sandhurst Road 7-0, 8-30 and 10-30.

Eldorado Cinema: Lamington Road, 6-45 8-30 and 10-0.

New Alhambra Cinema: Sandhurst Road, 7-45, 9-0 and 10-45.

G. I. P. TRAINS FROM BOMBAY.

	Arr. H. M.	Dep. H. M.
Punjab Mail	16 0	14 20
Calcutta Mail (via Jubbulpore) ..	15 0	21 0
Calcutta Mail (via Nagpur) ..	9 15	13 0
Madras Mail..	8 40	21 30
Poona Mail	11 30	16 45
Poona Express	19 40	4 53

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

The following are the arrival and departure time from Colaba :—

BOMBAY

	Arr. H. M.	Dep. H. M.
Northern Express	11 35	17 0
Gujrat Mail	8 15	21 0
Cathiawar 3rd Class Express	17 40	21 15

POONA RIFLES.

POONA, Jan. 3.

Part I.

1. Miniature Range.—The Miniature Range is allotted as follows during the month of January 1918 :—

Saturday 5th, to the Miniature Rifle Club, from 7 to 10 a.m. and 5 to 6 p.m. for the firing of matches 10, 11 and 12 which will be closed on the last date.

Thursday 10th, to the Miniature Rifle Club, from 7 to 10 a.m. and 5 to 6 p.m. for the firing of matches 10, 11 and 12 which will be closed on the last date.

Tuesday 15th, to the Miniature Rifle Club, from 7 to 10 a.m. and 5 to 6 p.m. for the firing of matches 10, 11 and 12 which will be closed on the last date.

Saturday 19th, to the Miniature Rifle Club, from 7 to 10 a.m. and 5 to 6 p.m. for the firing of matches 10, 11 and 12 which will be closed on the last date.

Thursday 31st, to the Miniature Rifle Club, from 7 to 10 a.m. and 5 to 6 p.m. for the firing of matches 10, 11 and 12 which will be closed on the last date.

Tuesday 8th, to officers for Revolver practice from 7 to 10 a.m. and 5 to 6 p.m.

Friday 18th, to officers for Revolver practice from 7 to 10 a.m. and 5 to 6 p.m.

2. Musketry.—The Musketry Range is allotted as follows during the month of January 1918 :—

Monday 7th, "A" Company part I and II, Table B. Annual Course of Musketry.

Wednesday 9th, "A" Company part I and II, Table B. Annual Course of Musketry.

Thursday 10th, "A" Company part I and II, Table B. Annual Course of Musketry.

Friday 11th, "A" Company part I and II, Table B. Annual Course of Musketry.

Saturday 12th, "A" Company part I and II, Table B. Annual Course of Musketry.

Monday 14th, "B" Company part I and II, Table B. Annual Course of Musketry.

Tuesday 15th, "B" Company part I and II, Table B. Annual Course of Musketry.

Wednesday 16th, "B" Company part I and II, Table B. Annual Course of Musketry.

Thursday 17th, "B" Company part I and II, Table B. Annual Course of Musketry.

Saturday 19th, "B" Company part I and II, Table B. Annual Course of Musketry.

Monday 21st, "B" Company part I and II, Table B. Annual Course of Musketry.

Tuesday 22nd, Competition Shooting.

Thursday 24th to Wednesday 30th (Sunday 27th excepted) Annual Rifle Meeting.

2-A. Musketry.—The Classification Range is allotted for Competition Shooting on Tuesday 22nd January 1918 at 7 a.m. Dress.—Drill Order; Arms and ammunition will be issued on the range.

Competition—Practices 9 and 10 Table "B" Part II, Silver spoons will be awarded by the Commanding Officer, at one spoon for every 12 competitors.

Part II.

3. Leave.—The undermentioned are granted leave of absence for the period stated against their names :—

No. 13 L/Cpl. M. S. Antia "A" Coy. from 1-1-1918 to 15-1-1918.

No. 674 Pvte. S. C. Vakil Sholapur Dett. from 5-1-1918 to 31-3-1918.

No. 54 Pvte. J. R. Kothawalla "A" Coy. from 5-1-1918 to 12-1-1918.

4. Promotions.—The Commanding Officer is pleased to make the following acting promotions with effect from the dates stated against their names :—

No. 126 Corpl. C. G. S. Edwards "B" Coy. to be Ag. Sergeant 21-12-1917.

No. 349 L/Cpl. J. Glen "B" Coy. to be Corporal 21-12-1917.

No. 469 L/Cpl. C. D. A. McIver "B" Coy. to be Corporal 21-12-1917.

No. 207 Pvte. W. H. J. Windsor "B" Coy. to be Lce-Corporal 21-12-1917.

No. 224 Pvte. S. H. K. S. M. Ali Mirza "B" Coy. to be Lce-Corporal 21-12-1917.

No. 224 Pvte. Ali Mirza "B" Coy. to be Lce-Corporal 21-12-1917.

No. 360. Cadet T. Hill "B" Coy. to be Lce-Corporal 21-12-1917.

No. 329. Pvte. P. T. Watchmaker "B" Coy. to be Lce-Corporal 16-12-1917.

5. Miniature Rifle Club.—The following is the result of Miniature Rifle Shooting during December 1917 :—

MATCH VII.

S. S. I. R. J. Martin 84 plus 3 equals 87 wins silver spoon.

MATCH VIII.

C. Q. M. S. A. Robertson 42 plus 1 equals 43 wins silver spoon.

MATCH IX.

Major R. S. Cree Brown 25 plus 6 equals 31 wins silver spoon.

Sergeant W. H. Bond 25 plus 5 equals 30 wins silver spoon.

6. Shooting Competition.—The following is the result of shooting competition fired on classification range during December 1917 :—

Coy. Qr. Mr. Sergt. R. M. Master 36 wins silver spoon.

7. Increase.—The undermentioned is taken on the strength of the Corps and posted to "B" Company :—

785. Pvte. F. T. O. D'Castro.

Corps Order No. 823 dated 19th September 1917 so far as relates to Pvte. F. L. Gordon and Pte. A. W. Hanckel is cancelled.

Corps Order No. 1102 dated 7th November, 1917 relating to Pte. E. C. Palmer is cancelled.

8. Decrease.—The undermentioned is struck off the strength of the Corps from this date :—

No. 14 Lce-Corpl. R. W. D. Aikin, "A" Coy. (Joined I.A.R.O.).

14. Regimental Board. A Board of Officers composed as under will assemble at Headquarters Office Poona Rifles on 3rd January, 1918 at 8 a.m. to investigate a matter which will be placed before it.

President: Major C. Graham Smith.

Members: Capt. and Adjt. A. R. Kearsey.

2-Lieut. T. Dobson.

The following witness will attend :—

Pvte. J. F. Gonsalves.

(Sd.) A. R. KEARSEY, Capt.,
Adjutant, Poona Rifles.

BAND AT THE YACHT CLUB.

By kind permission of Colonel T. W. Bonner V. D. and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battalion, G. I. P. Railway Regiment, will play a programme of music, under the direction of Mr. Hugh B. Mitchell, Band Master, commencing at 6 p.m. this evening.

KHOJA CHARITABLE DISPENSARY.

During December, 852 women and 267 children, making a total of 1,119 patients, were treated at the Bai Mooliai Peerbhoy Hajee Khoja Charitable Dispensary.

IDEAL SEMINARY.

The social gathering of the students of the Ideal Seminary Free Night School was held on Tuesday. After a very interesting programme of indoorgames and recitations and light refreshments the proceedings came to an end.

DAIWADNYA DEBATING SOCIETY.

Under the auspices of the above Society there will be a Lecture Meeting on Sunday next at 5 p.m. (S. T.), in the Hall of the S. L. and Sc. Society's Shunkershett School for Girls, Pallow Road, when Mr. Vithal Narayen Vedak will deliver a lecture in English on "A Student's Ideal."

LEAGUE OF MERCY.

His late Majesty King Edward VII, when Prince of Wales, established the League of Mercy as an organisation (incorporated by the Royal Charter) by means of which persons able to give small sums only can subscribe to the hospitals. Every farthing of the subscriptions collected by the members is devoted wholly to the benefit of the hospitals—all those who collect the funds giving their time and services without any reward. Messrs. D. F. Panthaki, H. O. Doctor and R. M. Kapadia, of Bombay, have been appointed members of the League for work unattached.

FATAL MOTOR ACCIDENT.

Mr. A. R. King, Acting Coroner, concluded at the Coroner's Court yesterday the adjourned enquiry touching the death of Dhrupatibai, aged about nine years, who was knocked down and injured by a taxi-car driven by one Adam Baban at Lamington Road on the 29th ultimo. Adam Baban was present at the enquiry.

One of the passengers in the car said she saw a victoria going on the right of the car and a little girl running behind it. The girl seemed to take something from the back of the victoria and she then ran across the road and in front of the car, the driver which had no time to pull up.

The jury returned a verdict of accidental death.

SUN, MOON AND TIDES AT BOMBAY.

The following are the hours and height of the tides in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hour stated is Bombay Mean time depth of water is at Prince's Dock :—

Day of Week.	Day of Month.	HIGH WATER: Bombay Mean time: h.	m.	Depth on datum: ft. in.	Day of Month.	LOW WATER. Bombay Mean time: h.	m.	Depth on datum: ft. in.
	Jan.				Jan.			
Thur.	3	m 2	22	27 3	3	m 8	52	18 11
Fri.	4	m 2	44a	24 9		8	18a	19 4
		m 3	9	26 8	4	m 9	10	18 2
Sat.	5	m 3	30a	24 4		8	56a	20 2
		m 3	20	26 1	5	m 10	18	19 3
Sun.	6	m 4	22a	24 0		9	46a	21 1
		m 4	1	25 6	6	m 11	20	19 0
		m 5	42a	24 0		11	11a	22 0
Mon.	7	m 4	59	25 9	7	m 0	24a	18 6
		7	14a	24 5				
Tues.	8	m 6	8	24 9	8	m 1	0	22 3
		8	35a	25 5		1	29a	18 1
Wed.	9	m 7	20	24 10	9	m 2	17	21 10
		9	26a	26 6		2	19a	17 3

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset, according to Indian Standard Time, during the ensuing week :—

Jan.	Sunrise.	Sunset
M 3 (Thursday)	h 7h. 13m.	h 6h 13m.
M 4 (Friday)	h 7h. 13m.	h 6h 14m.
M 5 (Saturday)	h 7h. 13m.	h 6h. 15m.
M 6 (Sunday)	h 7h. 14m.	h 6h 15m.
M 7 (Monday)	h 7h. 14m.	h 6h 16m.
M 8 (Tuesday)	h 7h 14m.	h 6h 17m.
M 9 (Wednesday)	h 7h 14m.	h 6h 17m.

Phases of the Moon:—

		d.	h.	m.
Last Quarter	Jan. 1918.	5	6	19.6 p.m.
New Moon	,,	13	4	5.8 a m.
First Quarter	,,	19	8	7 9 p m
Full Moon	,,	27	8	44 2 a m

TEMPERATURE IN BOMBAY.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY COLABA:

Bombay, 2nd Jan. 1918.

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m. 6 p.m., and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected to 32 deg. Fahr.	29.970 Inches
Temperature of Air	74.8 Deg.
Wet Bulb Thermometer	64.4 ,,
Dew Point	62.2 ,,
Relative humidity of Air	0.653 ,,
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky cloudy—10)	0.0 ,,
Maximum temperature of Air	85.1 ,,
Minimum ,, ,,	66.7 ,,
General direction of Wind from midnight to midnight	NNE,NNW,NNE.
Movement of Wind do.	184 Miles.

BOMBAY RACING SEASON 1918.

5TH EXTRA MEETING

HANDICAPS.

(To be run on Saturday.)

THE WINDSOR PLATE.—Distance 6 furlongs, 41 yards.

Sunfire 9-12, Tagamor 9-4, Roi d'Ecosse 9-0, Primrose Morn 8-10, Brendan 8-8, Triple Alliance 8-5, Llangeinor 8-2, Dersingham 8-1, Bandit 8-0, Black Walnut 7-10, Spenser 7-7, Anthracite 7-3, Miss Rollestone 7-2, Vanity Box 6-7, Matchless Maud 6-7, Dress 6-7, Dorian 6-7 and Haven of Rest 6-7.

Top weight not accepting, weights to be raised 7 lbs.

THE CARLISLE PLATE.—Distance 1 mile.

Athlete 9-10, Somali 9-6, Haven of Rest 9-6, Dunskey 9-3, Memento 8-13, Rueful 8-6, Hanyadi 8-6, Mousme 8-3, Kit Grey Leg 8-3, Dyna 8-3, Partial Eclipse 8-2, Madrina 8-2, Saunterer 8-1, Rochambole 7-11, Santa Claus 7-10, Adelaide II 7-6, Airman 7-1, Decorum 7-0 and Indian Apple 6-7.

THE ROCKHAMPTON PLATE.—Distance 5 furlongs (straight).

Billy Bawn 9-12, Dunskey 9-8, Dollet 9-8, Bellicose 9-6, Lady James 9-1, Dyna 9-0, Hoppner 8-11, Andoversford 8-11, Motor Wrap 8-8, Impecunious 8-6, Rochambole 8-4, Enchantment 8-3, Birthday Clothes 8-3, Taxi Girl 7-12, Wise Thrush 7-12, Lupinus 7-11, Fine Trout 7-9, Fari Lad 7-9, Cauldron 7-6, Arras 7-3, Pink Flannel 7-3, Duet 6-10 and Przemayl 6-7.

THE ANDHERI PLATE.—Distance 1 mile.

Tammooz 9-12, Baloz 9-9, Ace of Royals 9-9, Red Cross 9-9, Durban 9-4, Hurchan 9-1, Saidan 9-1, Tawdry 8-11, Young Majub 8-9, Gazal 8-4, Fury 8-4, Defender 8-3, Investment 7-8, Longboat 7-7, Dartmoor 7-1, Good Luck 6-13, Najdi 6-7, Ata Allah 6-7, Justice 6-7, The Ally 6-7, Legislator 6-7 and Angler 6-7.

Forfeits for above races due if not struck out by 8 a.m., on Friday, 4th January, 1918.

ary, 1918.

CALCUTTA JOCKEYS FINED.

FOR ANTICIPATE START TRYING.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Jan. 3.

The racing calender received to-day has the following notice.

"The Jockeys F. Templeman and W. Huxley were each fined Rs. 50 by the Starter for trying to anticipate the start in the Lady Ronaldshay Plate." run on December 12th last.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT GAZETTE.

(Thursday, Jan. 3.)

Mr. M. H. W. Hayward, I.C.S., Additional Judicial Commissioner of Sind, is granted privilege leave from the 7th January 1918 to 22nd March 1918, with permission to prefix to it the Christmas holidays from the 24th December 1917 to the 6th January 1918, and affix to it the Holi and the Easter holidays from the 23rd March to the 2nd April 1918.

Mr. C. G. H. Fawcett, I.C.S., to be an Additional Judicial Commissioner of Sind during the absence of Mr. M. H. W. Hayward, I.C.S., proceeding on leave.

Mr. C. E. Palmer, I.C.S., Barrister-at-Law, to be District and Sessions Judge, Hyderabad.

Mr. C. C. Dutt, I.C.S., to act as District and Sessions Judge, Ratnagiri.

Mr. Tahilram Khiomal to act as a Sixth Grade Deputy Collector in Sind and to do duty as Assistant Manager, Incumbered Estates in Sind, during the absence on leave of Mr. Chainrai Bulchand.

Vice Mr. T. R. D. Bell, appointed Chief Conservator of Forests, Bombay Presidency, Mr. O. H. L. Napier to be Second Grade Conservator and to act as First Grade Conservator; Mr. W. F. D. Fisher to be Third Grade Conservator and to act as Second Grade Conservator.

Poona Rifles.—The undermentioned gentlemen are granted temporary commissions, subject to his Majesty's approval :—To be Second-Lieutenants: Robert Benson Ewbank.—Dated 30th October 1917, and Francis William Marre.—Dated 13th October, 1917.

Dr. V. S. Sukthankar, officiating Assistant Superintendent, Archaeological Survey, Western Circle, was appointed to officiate as Superintendent, Archaeological Survey in that Circle, in addition to his own duties with effect from the afternoon of the 12th July 1917 to the forenoon of the 6th August 1917.

During the absence on leave of Mr. A. F. Kinderslay, I.C.S., or pending further orders, Mr. W. T. Conway to act as Under Secretary to Government, Political, Judicial and Special Departments.

Mr. A. F. L. Brayne, I.C.S., to act as Under Secretary to Government, Separate Department.

Mr. Jaswant Singh Malik, temporary Engineer is granted privilege leave, in India for twenty-one days with effect from the 28th October, 1917.

Lieutenant (temporary Captain) J. K. Williams, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is granted, subject to his Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Major while holding an appointment as Assistant Director of Works. Dated 1st August 1917.

On reversion to the Bombay Public Works Department Mr. A. W. Hanckel, Executive Engineer, is attached to the Lonand District, pending further orders.

PROSCRIBED LITERATURE.

Under Section 12 of the Indian Press Act the Bombay Government has issued a notification declaring all copies of the following book in English and any translation of it, wherever found, to be forfeited to his Majesty, namely, "Young India" written by Lala Lajpatrai and republished in London by the Indian Home Rule League, on the following grounds, namely, that "it appears to the Governor-in-Council that the aforesaid book contains words of the nature described in clauses (a) and (c) of sub-section (1) of section 4 of the aforesaid Act, which are likely or have a tendency, directly and indirectly, to incite to acts of violence and to bring into hatred or contempt the Government established by law in British India."

The Government of India have prohibited the bringing, by sea or by land, into British India of any copy of the pamphlet entitled "Self-Government for India" published by Aktiebolaget Chelius and Company, Stockholm, and issued by the Indian Nationalist Committee (European Centre) and of the pamphlet entitled "Roger Casement and India" issued by the Indian National Committee (European Centre) and published by A. B. Dahlbergs-forlags, Stockholm.

THE WEATHER.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Jan. 3.

Disturbance from the bay passed out into the Arabian Sea near Cochin, at present of slight intensity appears travelling westwards. Nearly general rain has fallen in south-east Madras, local rain in Mysore. The chief amounts are :—Kodaikanal one inch, Trivandrum two. Depression in the north-west nearly disappeared without giving rain.

Forecast :—Decrease of rain in south of Peninsula.

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Thursday, the 3rd January 1918, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are moderately clouded in the extreme north and clear elsewhere. Humidity is normal or in defect. Temperature continues in defect in the extreme north.

The United Provinces.—Skies are lightly clouded. The air is drier than usual. Night temperature is in defect in the extreme western districts.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are clear in upper Sind and lightly or moderately clouded elsewhere. Humidity is normal or in defect. Day temperature has become nearly normal; night temperature is in defect in Sind and the extreme eastern districts of Rajputana.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are moderately clouded. Night temperature is in defect in Central India West and at most stations in Kathiawar; day temperature is also below normal at Bhuj and Rajkot.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. Humidity is normal or in defect. Night temperature is in defect over the whole division; day temperature is also below normal at Jubbulpore and Raipur.

The Konkan.—Skies are clear. Humidity is normal or in defect. Temperature has risen and is now in slight excess at Ratnagiri.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Skies are clear or very lightly clouded. Humidity is normal or in defect. Night temperature is in excess in the south Bombay Deccan but in defect in the north Bombay Deccan.

General Remarks.—Conditions remain unsettled in the south-east Arabian Sea. Rainfall has been local in south-east Madras, Mysore and south Malabar. Weather is slightly unsettled also in north-west India and temperature has begun to rise there.

Some showers are likely in south-east Madras and Malabar.

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN at 8, a m. on THURSDAY, the 3rd of January 1918.

STATIONS.	Temp. in Shade. Maximum of past 24 hours.	Temp. in Shade. Minimum of past 24 hours.	Humidity. 8 A. M.	Rainfall. Past 24 hours.	Rainfall. Total 1st Nov. to date.	Departure of Rainfall since 1st Nov. to date.
PERSIAN GULF—						
Bushire	65.2	51.0	65	..	2.15	—7.48
Do. (2nd Jan.) ..	73.5	58.3	58	..	2.46	+0.77
Jask	..	..	..	..	..	..
Do. (Jan.) ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Muskat	79.6	63.2	60	..	0	—0.09
Do. (2nd Jan.)						
PUNJAB—						
Multan	71.3	39.5	61	..	0.02	—0.32
Rawalpindi ..	50.2	31.7	93	..	4.21	+2.91
Lahore	67.6	36.0	70	..	0.06	—0.47
Hissar	68.8	36.7	69	..	0.78	..
Ambala	67.7	48.1	67	..	0.89	—0.49
Delhi	66.2	45.7	62	..	0.19	—0.45
UNITED PROVINCES—						
Agra	68.8	43.6	45	..	0.06	—0.39
Mainpuri	69.8	44.4	55	..	0.04	—0.64
Jhansi	72.6	48.4	55	..	0	—0.44
Cawnpore	69.9	45.9	56	..	0.40	—0.25
Allahabad	68.8	46.6	58	..	0.39	—0.24
SIND AND RAJPUTANA						
Jacobabad	72.7	37.8	61	..	0.02	—0.17
Karachi	72.0	52.0	49	..	0	—0.31
Ajmer	70.0	43.8	39	..	0	—0.46
Jalpore	73.0	43.2	51	..	0	—0.39
Kotah	75.2	48.0	49	..	0	—0.31
Mount Abu	64.8	49.8	48	..	0	—0.39
GUJARAT, KATHIAWAR AND CENTRAL INDIA WEST—						
Bhuj	73.4	42.9	55	..	0	—0.15
Dwarka	75.3	53.0	56	..	0	—0.06
Veraval	88.1	53.8	44	..	0	—0.49
Rajkot	79.4	44.0	51	..	0	—0.22
Bhavnagar Para ..	81.6	49.8	70	..	0	—0.23
Surat	85.2	57.7	54	..	0	—0.19
Ahmedabad	82.0	45.2	49	..	0	—0.62
Deesa	84.0	44.0	42	..	0	—0.60
Neemuch	75.2	43.3	57	..	0	—0.38
Indore	76.7	45.2	56	..	0	—0.57
CENTRAL PROVINCES—						
Jubbulpore	71.2	39.8	73	..	0.98	+0.12
Saugor	72.3	47.8	47	..	0	—1.01
Hoshungabad ..	76.1	49.6	66	..	0	—0.97
Khandwa	79.4	46.7	60	..	0	—0.78
Akola	83.6	45.0	50	..	0	—1.27
Amraoti	83.1	48.5	38	..	0	—1.16
Nagpur	84.0	46.0	47	..	0	—1.33
Chanda	83.0	47.6	62	..	0	—1.11
Raipur	77.2	43.8	54	..	0	—0.70
KONKAN—						
Bombay	83.5	67.1	57	..	0	—0.48
Ratnagiri	92.6	71.1	30	..	0.98	+0.42
Marmugao	88.5	72.6	80	..	5.95	+4.81
Karwar	91.2	66.6	82	..	1.10	—0.75
BOMBAY DECCAN AND HYDERABAD—						
Malegaon	86.0	44.6	48	..	1.40	+0.74
Ahmednagar	79.4	50.6	48	..	1.14	+0.16
Poona	81.8	49.7	56	..	3.65	+2.61
Sholapur	84.5	62.6	39	..	0.54	—0.64
Bijapur	82.7	50.4	55	..	1.07	—0.13
Belgaum	81.0	62.8	67	..	4.61	+2.80
Kaladgi	84.1	53.8	39	..	0.38	—0.43
Nizamabad (Indur) ..	82.9	56.4	53	..	0	—0.74
Hyderabad	83.1	61.6	65	..	1.49	+0.44
MALABAR AND CEYLON						
Bangalore	90.0	76.1	55	0.01	2.40	—0.87
Calicut	86.8	73.7	89	0.05	7.27	+1.39
Cochin	88.8	74.9	89	..	13.84	+4.82
Colombo	84.7	69.7	90	..	15.34	—2.74
MADRAS (EXCLUDING MALABAR) AND MYSORE—						
Masulipatam	88.2	67.9	79	..	11.84	+5.29
Bellary	85.8	66.7	73	..	2.15	+0.66
Cuddapah	84.4	71.6	83	..	4.11	—0.32
Madras	88.2	74.6	80	0.47	14.81	—1.39
Bangalore	87.0	62.6	60	0.21	1.83	—1.02
Coimbatore	87.8	67.1	84	0.52	6.97	+2.54
Trichinopoly	88.5	70.6	86	0.02	5.94	+1.76
Negapatam	88.0	73.1	83	0.25	35.50	+8.94

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The following information is published in order that vessels in the Bombay Harbour may by comparison with a standard instrument ascertain the errors of their barometers :—

The reading of the Standard Barometer in the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 32 deg. F. and to the level of the tide at 8-45 a.m. Standard Time, on the 3rd January, 1918, was 30.187 inches For temperature corrections applicable to mercurial barometer of ships the reading of the ship's barometer has to be increased or decreased by .013 inch for every 5 degrees according as the temperature of the attached thermometer is respectively below or above 80 deg. F. In case of the aneroid no temperature correction is needed. But for comparison at 80 deg. F. all aneroid readings should be increased by .138 inch. For correcting the ship's barometer either mercurial or aneroid for the height of the barometer cistern above the tide level in the stream at 8-45 a.m., Standard Time, the ship's barometer reading should be increased by .010 inch for every 10 feet of the height to make it comparable with the observatory barometer reading given.

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THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.

Friday, January 4, 1918.

"A TERRIBLE INDICTMENT".

There is a refreshing amount of candour and of righteous indignation in the comments of the British Press on the appalling revelations contained in the despatch of Sir John Anderson to the Colonial Secretary on the results of the enquiry which he instituted into the facts of the administration of martial law in connection with the Ceylon riots. Our readers are familiar with the history of this ghastly episode. In the spring of 1915 certain religious riots broke out in Ceylon. Sir Robert Chalmers, the then Governor of the Colony, together with his subordinates instantly "saw red," and interpreting a local religious disturbance into a "rebellion", hastily mobilised a "white force," consisting of merchants and others, which proceeded to abandon itself to a veritable orgy of excesses. The primary responsibility for the outrages rested, according to Sir John Anderson, on a person by the name of F. N. Sudlow, a member of the Colombo Town Guard Artillery, who was selected by the authorities to command a small body of military to patrol part of the area in which disturbances had taken place, and where there was reason to fear that further trouble might occur. This is how, in the words of the Governor of Ceylon, this individual carried out the responsible duty with which he had been entrusted:

> He received from the Inspector-General of Police instructions to deal vigorously with actual disturbances, and seems to have construed them into a commission to administer lynch law throughout the area prescribed for his patrol and to have considered that their effect was to make him the leader of a *posse* of *vigilantes* sent out to deal with desperadoes, in the manner depicted in kinema shows and dime novels of the "Wild West."

As we have already published the text of Sir John Anderson's report, it is hardly necessary to recall the gruesome details of the execution of "lynch law", as it was carried out under the authority of Sir Robert Chalmers's administration. It will suffice, in order to indicate the temper in which the Ceylon Government's nominees undertook the task of "restoring order," if we quote the evidence of W. A. Smith, one of the European witnesses, describing the instructions he received:

> "The Inspector-General of Police then enlarged on these instructions to me, particularly saying that we were to get out and act—do something. Search houses, if loot was found, take the man of the house out, stand him up against a wall, and shoot him. No inquiries, no inquests, and do not trouble to remove the body. Take no prisoners."

That one admission sufficiently explains all that followed, constituting a record than which, as the "Daily News" puts it, "there can have been few more terrible indictments in the whole history of British Colonial administration." The evidence accompanying the report shows that in every case the shooting was barbarous and uncalled for by any emergent necessity, and in the Governor's words "cannot be justified." Sudlow alone appears to have shot six persons, and his superior, a Justice of the Peace and an honorary Police Magistrate, feeling probably that he had to justify his existence and could not very well let all the kudos of the valiant deeds that were being perpetrated go to others, disposed of one more victim on his own account. But there was a third rival in the field,—a Mr. Sly, who achieved, in the name of law and order, what can only be described as a callous and cold-blooded murder, subsequently justifying his action by reference to a certain proclamation. "It is badly drawn," says Sir John Anderson:

> "and technically covers Mr. Sly's action; but it is almost incredible that anyone, unless one who had been schooled by the Germans in Belgium, could have honestly acted on Mr. Sly's interpretation of it. As the Commission have found that he acted in good faith, they were evidently satisfied that he is such a man."

So much for the character and complexion of Executive action, as it was allowed to be enforced and carried out by the Ceylon Government under Sir Robert Chalmers. What we are more concerned to point out is the subsequent history of the episode. For months after the disturbances had subsided, the people of Ceylon begged and prayed and clamoured for an adequate investigation of the grievous wrongs that had been done to them in the name of a responsible British Administration, but the demand was firmly resisted by the officials, from Sir Robert Chalmers downwards. Early in 1916 an influential petition was presented to the Home Government asking for the appointment of an impartial Commission of Enquiry into the whole matter, but Mr. Bonar Law, notwithstanding repeated questions in the House of Commons, refused any enquiry, and when specific instances were brought to his notice, took refuge in the amazing answer that he had no reason to believe that the incidents as described had in fact occurred. We have no means of knowing whether this incredible indifference on the part of the Colonial Secretary was due to his having been duped by those implicated, or was the result of a desire on his part to "save the face" of all concerned. The form of reply behind which he attempted to take shelter, we may point out in passing, appears to be a stereotyped formula which finds favour with the permanent staff at Whitehall, even outside the Colonial Office. Anyway, while Mr. Bonar Law was doing his best to hush the whole thing up in England, the Ceylon Government proceeded to pass an Indemnity Order in Council, protecting their guilty agents from any consequences more serious than the deprivation of their various administrative offices,—on the plea that the activities of Sly, whose conduct, in the words of the new Governor, "deserves the loathing and disgust of every decent Englishman," and his fellow-criminals were "entirely unknown to any responsible members of the Government," including the late Governor. That plea conveys, to our mind, a momentous warning to British Governors in other parts of the Empire. The moral is that they should not attach a bovine faith to all that their underlings tell them, which is by way of being the prevailing tendency, at any rate in parts of India.

We cannot conclude this review of a tragic and ghastly episode, without paying a tribute of admiration and gratitude to Sir John Anderson, who has vindicated the finest traditions of British administration and, in his own person, of British character. It is such men as he who are the real Empire-builders of the British race, because it is they who maintain and restore faith in the justice of British rule over alien peoples. It was Sir John Anderson who, at his own initiative, appointed the Commission of Enquiry, consisting of Sir Alexander Reuton, the Chief Justice of Ceylon and Mr. G. S. Schneider, which elicited the facts which are now before the world. But the incident cannot be yet regarded as closed. There will be universal support in India, as well as, of course, in Ceylon, and, we feel sure, in other parts of the Empire as well, for the view that having regard to the revelations already made, an amnesty to those still in prison and an impartial enquiry into the whole of the circumstances of the administration of Martial Law by the Ceylon Government are essential. As a Home contemporary puts it:

> "These revelations have lifted but a corner of the veil shrouding the awful wrongs inflicted upon the Sinhalese people under martial law. A thorough, independent British inquiry alone can secure for them justice and reparation and restore confidence in the Colonial Government. The British people who are making such enormous sacrifices in the defence of the rights of weak alien States cannot possibly remain indifferent to these outrages committed by their own officials upon a nation—small, but of ancient civilisation—within the Empire. Honour of England, no less than justic to the Sinhalese people, demands that this grave matter should be sifted to the bottom."

SOCIAL SERVICE.

One of the most welcome manifestations of the national awakening in this country is the spread of the idea of social service which has taken place during recent years. The first social service league was started in 1911 in this city, which has been the pioneer of many a reform movement, and the success which attended its work was sufficiently shown by the fact that similar institutions were soon organised in other cities, especially in Madras, Calcutta and Colombo. Workers in many parts of the country have derived their inspiration from this league, and its organ, the "Social Service Quarterly," has been the means of promoting the co-ordination of the activities of the different organizations in the various provinces by making public their objects and methods of work, by reviewing their achievements, and by recording events of social importance. This work has been both important and valuable, but more remains to be done. There cannot, for instance, be too persistent or vigorous an educative propaganda if the cause of social reform, which the various social service leagues have at heart, is to attain full triumph. To secure that end, it is essential that the people should be constantly kept informed of the latest developments in regard to the solution of social problems in other countries, and thereby helped to realize the need of change in existing social conditions in India. One of the most helpful ways of serving this purpose, of course, is by holding an annual conference of social workers and those interested in the social service movement, when ideas can be interchanged, methods of work compared, and inspiration renewed. The organisation of the All-India Social Service Conference, the first session of which was held in Calcutta last week, is, therefore, to be welcomed. No more suitable person could have been called upon to preside over the deliberations of this Conference than Mr. M. K. Gandhi. The address which he delivered before the Conference, though it was not comprehensive enough in its scope, was marked by his characteristic anxiety to see things as they are and to help to make them what they ought to be. As such, it deserves the careful attention of those who are sensitive to social wrongs and injustices, to some of which Mr. Gandhi specially referred, and are resolved to set them right.

The determination, in the first instance, of those social evils which should be tackled first, and thereafter, of the means by which the task may be attempted is, of course, the main practical problem of the social service movement. In this connection a remark with which Mr. Gandhi prefaced his address may be usefully examined. "I have not much faith in conferences," he said. "Social service to be effective has to be rendered without noise. It is best performed when the left hand knoweth not what the right is doing." That no doubt is the spirit which should inspire all service, if it is to be real and permanent. But that is not all. While in no country, perhaps, has the gospel of the service to humanity as being essential to the development of the individual soul, been preached and practised to a greater extent than it has been in India, it is equally true that the modern version of this gospel of service which goes further has not yet sufficiently permeated the Indian consciousness. Its chief conception is that of an organised body devoted to the attainment of a common progressive ideal. It, therefore, lays marked emphasis on the subordination of the individual personality to the demands of the organised body. And this change in the conception of service has been brought about by the growing conviction that the wrongs from which human beings suffer are due not so much to individual as to collective social injustice. The time-honoured method has been unavailing in redressing such injustice. Therefore, to secure its removal, the method must be appropriate to the task. The greatest problem is the awakening of the social conscience to the fundamental drawbacks on which the structure of Society is based. Therefore, while they are to be welcomed "who help to make one poor man more earnest of purpose, and one rich man more thoughtfully unselfish," we need also those "who help to alter laws and customs which put stumbling blocks in the way of the simple." It is not enough that individual workers should toil, to bring light where darkness is, to create hope and self-respect, to encourage individual men and women to work out their own salvation. This noble work has been done, in all ages, by good men and true. But it has necessarily not touched the whole problem of social wrong. Conditions and laws have still continued to exist which press with cruel severity upon the lives of the poor and the helpless. Unostentatious and thoughtful sympathy for individuals, much that it can do, cannot remove the basic injustice. Fearless advocacy of reform of the conditions and laws themselves is, therefore, an indispensable necessity.

Official and Personal.

Mr. M. K. Gandhi is expected to arrive at Ahmedabad to-day.

The death is reported of Sir William Johnston, Bart., Director of Ceylon Tea Plantations, Company and at one time of the Oriental Bank of Colombo.

Death occurred in Hyderabad yesterday of Dr. John E. Chamarette aged 90 years, the oldest resident. He had served in Nizam army for 40 years and was pensioned for 22. He was well known as a temperance advocate.

Mr. Justice Rowlatt of the King's Bench Division who had been appointed president of the committee to enquire into the cases of internments has arrived in Calcutta and yesterday visited the High Court, and took his seat on the appeal bench presided over by the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Woodroffe.

Notes of the Day.

Fate of the British Museum.

The President of the British Association writing to the "Times" announces that the British Museum has been commandeered as the office of the Air Council, in spite of the strong and unanimous protests of the Trustees. While the location of the Air Council is certainly a matter of the first importance, this could probably have been arranged for without so drastic an encroachment upon the intellectual recreation of the people, as the acquisition of the British Museum. It is not surprising, therefore, that public opinion has indignantly declared itself against the proposal.

A Charcoal Famine?

The price of charcoal has risen enormously during the last few days owing, it is believed, to the shortage of waggons. If this scarcity continues for some time more the citizens of Bombay will be threatened with a regular charcoal famine. Fortunately, the situation need not be quite so bad if prompt measures are taken. According to a Dhanu correspondent, the local charcoal merchants are ready to supply 300 waggons to the Bombay Food Committee at Rs. 150 per 100 baskets, which is about Rs. 75 less than the prevailing rate in Bombay. If the facts are as stated, the Food Committee will doubtless make use of the opportunity to afford some relief to the Bombay public in this matter.

Two Dewan Bahadurs.

Among those whose names figured in the list of "Dewan Bahadurships" in the New Year's Honours List was Mr. P. Ramarayaningar who has figured prominently in the non-Brahmin movement, and possesses, in addition, enough acres to be deemed a wiseacre! The Dewan Bahadur's silent presence at the meetings of the Imperial Legislative Council, while he was a member of that body, coupled with his scarcely disguised adherence to the reactionary clique, afford sufficient testimony alike to his worth and the existing system of conferring honours in this country. Further commentary on the farcical hollowness of the system is provided by another case in which also a Dewan Bahadurship has been awarded. Mr. C. Vijiaraghava Achariar is a publicist of the opposite order to the gentleman we have mentioned, and he must, consequently, have been surprised to discover that he was also bracketted among the Dewan Bahadurs in the New Year's List,—a recognition at once gratuitous and inadequate. We are reliably informed that he has craved permission to be relieved of the greatness gazetted for his behoof. He can afford to dispense with it all the more because he has many claims upon the recognition of his fellow-countrymen, as not the least of which may be mentioned his uncompromising opposition to the Criminal Law Amendment Bill. He was one of those who foresaw the gross abuse to which such a measure would lend itself in the hands of a not sufficiently responsible Executive.

The Health of the City.

The high level of mortality which has been a feature of the past few weeks' health conditions in Bombay shows no sign of abatement yet, the death-rate last week amounting to 35.62. In the corresponding week of 1916 the death-rate stood at 29.20, while the mean of the corresponding weeks of the past quinquennium was at a still lower level, viz., 27.60. The higher percentage of deaths from plague and tuberculosis appear to be in the main responsible for the present unsatisfactory returns. Last week there were 267 deaths from respiratory diseases as against 202 in the corresponding week of 1915 and an average of 177 only in the past quinquennium. Similarly there were deaths from plague last week as against 12 in the corresponding week of 1916 and an average of five in the past quinquennium. Small-pox registered last week eight attacks (including three imported cases, two from Mesopotamia and one from Poona District) and five deaths, while cholera continued to be absent throughout the week. The mortality from the other principal diseases was as follows: Phthisis 34, other diseases of the respiratory system 233, measles 4, enteric, 1, malarial fever 4, diarrhoea 34, dysentery 21, old age 50 and debility 64. The total number of deaths from all causes was 617. The births numbered 420, there being 29 still-births.

Practical Philanthropy.

The highly interesting report of the work of the Queen Mary's Technical School for Disabled Indian Soldiers, during the first six months of its existence, makes instructive reading. When the school was opened in May last, the number of pupils was twenty-five. It has since made steady progress and is now 100. Various crafts are taught to the pupils according to their attitude. The report contains striking evidence of success attained in this respect. Thus, it is stated.

one pensioner who had 2½ inch shortening of one leg owing to a gun shot wound of the thigh and had been provided with orthopoedic boots, passed the necessary test in motor car driving and repairs, and employment was found for him on Rs. 50 per month. He has been in his present employment for four months. His employers are very pleased with him and the man is happy and contented and often visits the School, which encourages the other disabled soldiers.

In the Hosiery Department

one soldier who had lost his leg has completed his training and is now employed as an instructor in the School on Rs. 45 per month, the services of the Instructor in this Department being dispensed with.

It has rightly been decided not to limit admission to the school only to men who have lost their limbs, but to give the advantage of the training to any combatant or follower of the Indian Army or Imperial Service Troops who has been invalided as being unfit for further military service from any cause whatsoever, and the organisers of the school are careful to see that suitable employment is found for successful students of the school. Any invalided man who has passed his examination from this school can supplement his pension by earning anything from Rs. 25 to Rs. 100 per month. So far, however, a few have been able to take advantage of this school and if the school is to justify its existence, it is essential that vigorous efforts should be made to see that many more out of the hundreds of disabled soldiers who have returned to this country are induced to attend it.

BRITISH IDEALS FOR INDIA.

VICEROY'S MESSAGE TO PREMIER.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

DELHI, Jan. 3.

His Excellency the Viceroy has sent the following reply to the Prime Minister's telegram already published:—

On behalf of India I thank you for the inspiring message you have conveyed. It is the firm belief confidently held by the people of India in spite of all passing difficulties, that the triumph of British ideals is vital to India's future. It is that belief which upon us India's prompt and eager support in the dark days of 1914 which has ever since bound her to us, a fortunes, and which will carry her with us to the end.

ANNUAL SESSIONS OF GURUKAL ACADEMY.

(From a Correspondent.)

BRINDABAN, Jan. 3.

The thirteenth anniversary was celebrated from the 24th to 27th December. Besides other learned speakers, Swami Sarvadan and Satyanand Sarswati delivered Sermons on God and Prayer Swami Shaddhanand (M. Munshi Ram) spoke on the force of the Brahmacharya. Prof. Ram Deva delivered a learned lecture on "The education of women." Master Amaram of Barda discoursed on the "Arya Samaj." In spite of difficulties in travelling 8,000 men had assembled to take part in the anniversary. The appeal for funds made by the Governor of Gurukul, was responded to by handsome donations of over 33,000 rupees.

The newly started Gurukul Exhibition and the Rammurti feats of strength performed by the Brahmacharis were a good diversion.

The Kavi Sammelan presided over by Pandit Mannan duivedi Gajpuri; the sittings of the Vidya Parishats under the presidentship of Pt. Ghasi Ram the Parents' League and the Arya conferences were the other meetings held with success in connection with the anniversary (the thirtieth annual meeting of the delegates of various samajas in U. P. came off on the 26th December. Pt. Ghasi Ram was elected president of the Sabha for the next year.

CHARITY EYE HOSPITAL OPENED AT DELHI.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

DELHI, Jan. 2.

The Hon. Mr. Hailey, Chief Commissioner, performed this evening the opening ceremony of Dr. Shroff's Charity Eye Hospital. Dr. Shroff, in his report said that the foundation of the present institution was laid on the 1st July, 1914, when the late Rai Saheb Lala Lachminarain allowed him free use of a room in his Dharamsala near Fatehpuri. Since then the work has been growing gradually. Later on Haji Muhammad Ishaq made a proposal offering free for this charitable work an entire flat of his house on Burra station Road. The largest donation so far given was by a Parsi lady, Mrs. Pestonji Dadabhoy of Lahore, who gave Rs. 1,000. Another donation of Rs. 500 was also given by a Parsi lady, Bai Dhanbai Behramji Malabari, widow of the founder of the Seva Sadan of Bombay. Dr. Shroff, in conclusion, thanked Haji Muhammad Ishaq for allowing him to make a free use of the building and Dr. B. K. Mitra for the assistance he had given him in his work.

Mr. Hailey spoke a few words, wishing prosperity to the institution and expressing gratitude to those whose efforts and liberality made it a success.

GARDEN FETE AND FANCY BAZAR.

The Garden Fete and Sale at the Queen Mary High School Girgaum mentioned in the Bombay engagements for January 10th is being organised by the Princess May Chapter of the Imperial Order of the daughters of the Empire, in aid of the Queen Mary Technical School in which disabled Indian soldiers are being taught various trades. The sale will be of a rather original character owing to the very great variety of articles that have been so generously contributed for it there will be the following stalls in the school hall.

One for plain and fancy articles.

A book and picture stall.

Games and toy stall.

Outside in addition to a tea garden, there will be a fish pond with articles carefully selected for young and old, as well as various side shows.

Lady Willingdon has kindly consented to open the Sale and his Excellency the Governor has graciously lent his band.

Tickets for admission to the Fete and Sale price Rs. 1 for grown up people, 8 as. for children and servants may be had at the Y. W. C. A. Mayo Rd. The Army and Navy Stores the Princess may Gymkhana and the Queen Mary High School near Kennedy Bridge.

DON COSSACKS UP IN ARMS.

ANGLO-ITALIAN SUCCESS IN ITALY.

DON COSSACKS READY FOR CIVIL WAR.

TWO TOWNS OCCUPIED.

ENEMY PRISONERS RAID HOUSES NEAR PETROGRAD.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Jan. 2.
Recd. 4-30 p.m., Jan. 3.

A telegram to "The Times" from Petrograd states that the whole Cossack population of the Don Valley, including women, has been mobilised for the civil war. Thousands of former regular officers have joined General Kaledin who has formed a corps of twenty thousand of them.

The Cossacks have occupied Alexandrovsk and Orenburg without resistance. Despatch of coal to Northern Russia has ceased. There are now two hundred enemy delegates in Petrograd. A number of Austrian and German prisoners near Petrograd were allowed to secure arms and they raided and plundered houses in the district.

Ex-Minister Avksentieff has been arrested.

SETTLEMENT WITH UKRANIANS.

REVOLUTIONARIES SHOT IN BESSARABIA.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
PETROGRAD, Jan. 3.
Recd. 7-40 p.m. Jan. 3.

The Bolshevik News Agency states that the "Peoples' Commissioners" have informed the Finnish Government of their willingness to recognise the political independence of the Finnish republic.

The Bolshevik Agency also states that the Ukraine Rada is willing to agree to Bolshevik demands not to take or facilitate military measures against the Bolsheviks, conditionally on money being sent to the Ukraine and that the Ukraine Republic has officially recognised Bolshevik delegates from Kieff. They state that a friendly settlement on these lines is probable; if so the Ukraine will not place an embargo on wheat exports to Great Russia.

Trotsky in a communiqué states that several revolutionaries have been shot in Bessarabia. He adds that Rumanians gave a safe-conduct to a revolutionary committee to Jassy where they have arrived. They narrowly escaped being shot. Trotsky sternly warns Rumania that he will not tolerate repression either of Russian or Rumanian revolutionaries or socialists and threatens severest measures irrespective of the positions of offenders.

GERMANS READY TO EVACUATE WHITE RUSSIA.

NOT RIGA AND OTHER BASES EXCEPT IN EVENT OF GENERAL PEACE.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)
LONDON, Jan. 2.
Recd. 4-50 p.m., Jan. 3.

The Russian delegates to Brestlitovsk have returned to Petrograd. They state that the Germans expressed their readiness to evacuate White Russia but declined to withdraw troops from Riga, Libau and other similar bases except in the event of a general peace.

REFERENDUM ABOUT ODESSA.

WHETHER IT BELONGS TO UKRAINE OR WHITE RUSSIA.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)
LONDON, Jan. 2.
Recd. 4-50 p.m., Jan. 3.

A referendum will be held at Odessa to decide whether it shall belong to Ukraine on to White Russia.

NEW RUSSIAN PLENIPOTENTIARY IN LONDON.

APPOINTMENT OF CITIZEN LITVINOFF.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Jan. 2.
Recd. 3-30 p.m., Jan. 3.

A wireless Russian message states tha M. Trotzky has appointed Citizen Litvinoff as provisional plenipotentiary in London. He orders the present members of the Embassy, military mission and other Russian officials now in Britain to hand over documents and monies to M. Litvinoff. Citizen Karpinsky is similarly appointed.

TEMPORARY COMMANDER OF PETROGRAD DISTRICT.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)
LONDON, Jan. 2.
Recd. 4-50 p.m., Jan. 3.

M. Eremyeff, a non-commissioned officer of the Jaeger regiment, who is the editor of the "Army and Navy of workmens' and peasants' government," has been appointed temporary Commander-in-Chief of the Petrograd district.

LOYALTY OF QUEBEC.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
OTTAWA, Jan. 3.
Recd. 7-40 p.m. Jan. 3.

The Lieut-Governor of Quebec has forwarded through the Governor-General a message to the King expressing the continued loyalty of the people of the province to the Crown and their determination to do their part in the war.

ENEMY REVERSE AT CAMBRAI.

ADMIRABLE ITALIAN DEFENCE.

FORECAST OF NEW DEVELOPMENTS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Jan. 2.
Recd. 8 p.m., Jan. 3.

A high British military authority in his weekly review of the war, after stating that the enemy's efforts to get the ridge on the right flank of the Cambrai battlefront were an almost complete failure, and that our position was satisfactory, remarked that while it was true that troops were steadily coming from the Eastern front, said they were not coming in hundreds of thousands. Such talk omitted to take account of the transport and coal difficulties in Germany. Enemy was still a long way from being superior to the Allies on Western front. However, we must expect a German offensive on a more considerable scale than formerly, but there was no reason to suppose that he would inflict such casualties on us as we inflicted on him during our offensive.

Reviewing the operations of the year he said the Allies held most of the high ground and ridges. Their positions were much better than ever before, but the public must be prepared for losing some of our ground and prisoners and guns in the event of a big enemy offensive. He did not say this would happen but it was a contingency which every soldier must expect.

The Italian position had improved and time was on our side there. Admirable Italian defence had resulted in heavy Austrian losses. Snow was now falling heavily and altogether the position was satisfactory.

As regarded Palestine General Allenby was now eleven miles North of Jerusalem, but difficult country and unfavourable weather would prevent a considerable forward movement till the weather improved.

3 HOSTILE MACHINES FELLED.

AMMUNITION DEPOT BOMBED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Jan. 3.
Recd. 7-40 p.m. Jan. 3.

A British communiqué says the enemy attempted a raid in the neighbourhood of Oppl (sic). But was driven off before reaching our trenches. His artillery was more active in the neighbourhood of the Ypres-Comines canal. Our aeroplanes on Tuesday dropped two hundred bombs on the ammunition depot near Courtrai, on the aerodrome at Ingelmunster, and on other targets. Three hostile machines were brought down and two driven down. One of ours is missing.

FRENCH ANTI-AIRCRAFT.

FOUR ENEMY MACHINES BROUGHT DOWN.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Jan. 2.
Recd. 12 noon, Jan. 3.

This afternoon's French communiqué says that four enemy aeroplanes have been brought down and two others seriously damaged fell in our lines.

ENEMY RAIDS REPULSED NEAR LENS.

PRISONERS SECURED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Jan. 2.
Recd. 8-30 a.m., Jan. 3.

This afternoon's communiqué from Field-Marshal Haig says:—We broke up three enemy raiding parties south-east of Lens. Our patrols attacked them in No-Man's-Land inflicted casualties and secured prisoners. We repulsed other raids south of Lens at Hill 70 near the Menin road and north of Passchendaele.

BRITISH CAPTURES ON WESTERN FRONT.

FIGURES FOR 1917.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Jan. 2.
Recd. 12 noon, Jan. 3.

During 1917 the British captured 73,000 prisoners, 149 heavy guns and 382 field-guns, 648 trench-mortars and 2,639 machine-guns on the western front.

ENEMY MUNITION DEPOTS BLOWN UP.

ATTEMPT TO CROSS PIAVE FRUSTRATED.

THREE TOWNS BOMBED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Jan. 2.
Recd. 12 noon, Jan. 3.

A wireless Italian official communiqué says:—The British and Italian batteries exploded two munition depots at Fontigo and south of Conegliano.

Our fire dispersed ten vessels laden with troops at Intestadura which were making an effort to cross the Piave. The enemy at night bombed Mestre, Treviso and Bassano.

GERMAN PEACE MANOEUVRES.

ANTI-PEACE PROPAGANDA IN TRENCHES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Jan. 2.
Recd. 3-30 p.m., Jan. 3.

A significant sidelight on German peace manoeuvres at Brestlitovsk is the extraordinary anti-peace propaganda which according to the "Petit Parisien" the German high command is conducting in trenches. The document circulated among German troops declares that the Scheidemann peace which the German delegates to Brestlitovsk have accepted would ruin Germany for whose future development the possession of the Driey and Longwy bases and the economic and military control of Belgium are essential. The "Petit Parisien" asserts that this policy of the High Command is intended to combat the war-weariness and misery among soldiers.

ITALY INTERNING ENEMY SUBJECTS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
ROME, Jan. 2.
Recd. 12 noon, Jan. 3.

The Government is interning all Austrians and Germans who have not hitherto been interned.

ALLIES IN CORRESPONDENCE.

WITH REGARD TO FORM OF REPLY TO AUSTRO-GERMAN TERMS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Jan. 2.
Recd. 3-30 p.m., Jan. 3.

"The Times" correspondent at Washington telegraphs that exchanges of views are proceeding between London, Paris and Washington with regard to form of reply to the Austro-German terms when they are presented to the Allies by the Bolsheviks. It is not decided whether President Wilson, Mr. Lloyd-George or M. Clemenceau will reply, but the reply will correspond with President Wilson's utterances and will probably contain a restatement of war aims in a shape to appeal to enemy peoples over the heads of their rulers.

RUSSIANS IN FINANCIAL STRAITS.

DEMANDS LOAN OF TWO MILLIARDS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
PETROGRAD, Jan. 3.
Recd. 7-40 p.m. Jan. 3.

"The Message" states that Russians are demanding a loan of two milliards of France, from Austrians and Germans.

MARIE CORELLI FINED £ 50.

FOR FOOD-HOARDING.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Jan. 2.
Recd. 12 noon, Jan. 3.

Marie Corelli has been fined £50 for food-hoarding.

A CORRECTION.

REPORT OF MR. GALSWORTHY'S DECLINING KNIGHTHOOD.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Jan. 2.
Recd. 8-30 a.m., Jan. 3.

It is announced that Mr. Galsworthy's name was erroneously included among the recipients of Knighthoods. It is understood that he declined the honour.

BRITISH MUSEUM COMMANDEERED.

IN SPITE OF TRUSTEES' UNANIMOUS PROTEST.

PRESS INDIGNANT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Jan. 2.
Recd. 4-30 p.m., Jan. 3.

The President of the British Association writes to "The Times" that the British Museum has been commandeered in spite of the strong unanimous protest of the Trustees.

BRITISH MUSEUM AS OFFICES OF AIR-COUNCIL.

THE PRESS INDIGNANT.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)
LONDON, Jan. 2.
Recd. 4-50 p.m., Jan. 3.

The press is indignant at the report that the British Museum has been commandered as the offices of the Air Council.

FRANCE'S MAN-POWER.

RECALL OF OLDER MEN AND WITHDRAWAL OF YOUNGER EXEMPTED

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Jan. 2.
Recd. 8-30 a.m., Jan. 3.

A telegram from Paris says that the despatch of French divisions to Italy has necessitated the recall of men of fifty to the colours and the withdrawal of younger exempted men from munitions workshops.

SUBMARINE SINKINGS.

BRITISH SHIPPING RETURNS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Jan. 2.
Recd. 3-30 p.m., Jan. 3.

The Admiralty states that the arrivals during the week numbered 2,111 and sailings 2,074. Eighteen vessels over and three under 1,600 tons were sunk. Eight were unsuccessfully attacked.

RECORD OF LOSSES.

The following table shows the losses for each week since the returns were issued.

Week ended.	Arrivals.	Sailings.	SUNK: Over 1,600 tons.	SUNK: Under 1,600 tons.	Fishing vessels.	Unsuccessfully attacked.
Feb 26	2280	2261	15	6	4	12
Mar. 4	2528	2477	14	9	3	12
" 11	1385	1059	15	4	3	16
" 18	2528	2554	10	6	21	9
" 25	2314	2439	18	7	10	15
April 4	2281	2399	18	13	6	17
" 8	2406	2367	17	2	6	14
" 13	2379	2331	10	9	12	15
" 22	2585	2621	40	15	3	27
" 29	2716	2680	33	13	8	24
May 6	2374	2499	24	23	—	—
" 13	2560	2552	18	6	3	19
" 20	2954	2759	18	9	3	9
" 27	2719	2768	18	1	2	17
June 3	2603	2642	18	3	6	17
" 10	2707	2442	23	10	3	23
" 17	2897	2993	27	5	6	21
" 24	2976	2928	21	7	9	22
July 4	2745	2846	15	5	11	16
" 11	2898	2798	14	3	15	17
" 18	2828	2920	14	4	8	12
" 25	2891	2791	21	3	1	13
Aug. 1	2747	2776	18	2	0	9
" 8	2973	2796	21	2	0	13
" 15	2776	2866	14	2	3	[illegible]
" 22	2888	2764	15	3	3	[illegible]
" 29	2829	2880	18	5	0	[illegible]
Sept. 5	2384	2432	20	3	0	10
" 12	2744	2863	12	15	4	12
" 19	2905	2737	6	11	1	9
" 26	2795	2691	13	2	2	10
Oct 3	2880	2742	11	2	0	16
" 10	2519	2632	14	3	3	5
" 17	2124	2091	12	6	1	5
" 24	2648	2849	17	8	10	7
" 31	2285	2321	18	4	—	1
Nov. 7	2384	2379	8	4	—	8
" 14	2125	2307	1	0	1	9
" 21	2521	2463	10	7	0	3
" 28	2058	2122	14	7	—	8
Dec. 5	2174	2133	16	1	4	8
" 12	2426	2384	14	7	0	11
" 19	2461	2499	14	3	1	11
" 26	2311	2460	11	1	1	12
Jan. 2	2111	2074	18	3	0	8

FRENCH SHIPPING RETURNS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Jan. 3.
Recd. 7-40 p.m. Jan. 3.

French shipping returns show that arrivals during week numbered 736 and departures 756. Nine steamers above sixteen hundred tons were sunk but none below. Two steamers were unsuccessfully attacked.

ITALIAN SHIPPING RETURNS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Jan. 3.
Recd. 7-40 p.m. Jan. 3.

Italian shipping returns state one steamer over fifteen hundred tons and one sailing ship under hundred tons were sunk. Two steamers were unsuccessfully attacked.

U. S. DELEGATES IN PARIS CONFERENCE.

AMERICAN TROOPS TO EUROPE.

RECOMMENDATIONS TO THEIR GOVERNMENT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Jan. 3.
Recd. 4-30 p.m., Jan. 3.

It is officially announced that the American delegates to the Paris Conference, reporting to their Government, emphasised the necessity for constant and speedy despatch of American troops to the European battle-front, speeding up of merchant shipbuilding and closer co-operation with the belligerents.

RETIREMENT OF BRITISH AMBASSADOR IN U. S

NO CHANGE IN BRITISH POLICY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.
Recd. 4-30 p.m., Jan. 3.

The retirement of Sir Cecil Spring-Rice is officially confirmed. There will be no change in the British policy at Washington.

FIGHTING BETWEEN UKRAINIANS AND MAXIMALISTS.

A LARGE NUMBER OF MEN KILLED.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)
PETROGRAD, Jan. 2.
Recd. 4-50 p.m., Jan. 3.

Fighting occurred between an Ukrainian lancer regiment and the Maximalists between the stations of Gjatsk and Smolensk and two officers and a large number of men were killed.

ROYAL PALACE AT LA GRANJA IN FLAMES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
MADRID, Jan. 3.
Recd. 7-40 p.m. Jan. 3.

The Royal Palace at La Granja is flames. No details have been received.

ACTIVITY IN BEAUMONT SECTOR.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Jan. 3.
Recd. 7-40 p.m. Jan. 3.

A French communiqué says there was considerable artillery activity in the sectors of Beaumont and Cauriers wood.

RESIGNATION OF ALLIED AMBASSADORS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Jan. 2.
Recd. 4-30 p.m., Jan. 3.

The "Daily Chronicle", referring to the rumours that Ambassadors Buchanan, Bertie and Spring-Rice are about to resign, hopes that their successors will be appointed from outside the diplomatic service.

MICROBES AND CLEANLINESS.

Sir Almroth Wright, this year's Buchanan medallist of the Royal Society, began his investigations into bacterial disease when, a comparatively young man, he was on the staff of the Netley Military Hospital. But the War Office in those days had little sympathy with people of the scientific turn of mind, and Mr. Wright as he then was, sent in his resignation. Fortunately, the authorities of a London hospital—St. Mary's, Paddington—recognised the importance of his research work, and invited him to continue it under their auspices. There he resumed his labours, which eventually enabled him to formulate a theory of bacterial disease which paved the way after the method of preventive medicine. A few years ago he rather startled hygienists by some statements he made on cleanliness and fresh air. "When one has a horny hand," he said, "no microbe can get near the skin; a great deal of washing increases the microbes on the skin." As to fresh air and physical exercise, he was reported to have declared that "the whole of the doctrine of fresh air requires to be revised, and there is no evidence that the man who does not take physical exercise is more liable to contract disease than the man who does."—"Daily News."

FOOD SCARCITY IN GERMANY.

IMPORTING BREAD STUFFS FROM RUSSIA.

ORGANISATIONS IN ENEMY COUNTRIES.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)
ZURICH, Jan. 2.
Recd. 4-50 p.m., Jan. 3.

The "Frankfurter Zeitung" states that the Government is taking up half the interest in a Berlin syndicate which is being organised for the purpose of importing breadstuffs from Russia, the Government assuming all risks. Similar syndicates will be organised in Austria-Hungary, Bulgaria and Turkey.

IMPRISONMENTS OF PACIFISTS IN GERMANY.

RUSSIAN DELEGATE'S PROTEST.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)
PETROGRAD, Jan. 2.
Recd. 4-50 p.m., Jan. 3.

At a meeting of the Austrian, German and Russian delegations for the purpose of ameliorating the condition of war prisoners, a Russian delegate protested against the imprisonment in Germany of the German, Polish and Lettish pacifists and hoped that the Austrian and German delegates, now appreciating the Russian revolutionary spirit, would protest to their governments.

SIR. B. FULLER'S CONVERSION

HOME RULE INEVITABLE.

Sir Bampfylde Fuller addressed the following letter to "The Times" in mail week:—

It is 10 years and more since I left India. But the problem of Indian unrest is unchanged, and you will, perhaps, afford me space for a few lines that are suggested by experience.

A democracy cannot govern an alien dependency unless it is prepared to delegate its authority. For its instrument is not command, but persuasion that is to say, it relies, not upon power, but upon promises. Men will obey—will obey cheerfully—an alien rule of whose power they are convinced. But when it comes to be a matter of opinion they prefer their own. The Indians have appreciated our power and have respected it. But it is too much to ask that they should trust in our wisdom.

Until comparatively recent years the British democracy has been content to delegate its authority to the Indian Civil Service. The officers of that Service, selected by the lottery of a public examination, have not been of equal capacity. But, speaking generally, they have been intelligent, exceedingly industrious and impartial, and they have elaborated an administration which, for its cost, will be a pattern to all time. The Service was respected because its continuity was as impressive as the flow of a river. The youngest of its officers was a possible Lieutenant-Governor. The Viceroys and Governors who have been sent out to India from time to time may have taken up their offices with ideas of their own. But, as they gained experience, they generally became inclined to put themselves at the head of the Civil Service and to occupy the position of its chiefs. Only a few have sought to achieve personal popularity. It was easily procurable—at the country's cost.

But to English democratic politicians the authority of the Civil Service has always seemed anomalous, and they have unceasingly endeavoured to undermine it. Within the last 15 years they have succeeded. We need not explore the past for illustrations of their methods. It suffices to refer to the recent humiliation of the Madras Government, and to the rebuke which has been administered to the Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab for stating what every intelligent Indian knows to be the truth. Apart from the Civil Service, there is no British authority which Indians can respect. It is fanciful to suppose that they are impressed by English party politicians. Accordingly unrest has sprung up as the prestige of the Civil Service has declined. We have attributed it to imaginary causes—to religious fanaticism, to imperfect education, to the lack of industrial development. But it has a simpler origin. No one will cheerfully obey an authority which he does not respect.

There are two possible courses open: to maintain the prestige of the Indian Government, or to allow India to govern itself—a policy of "hands off" or of "home rule." In the words of Mr. Roosevelt, we must "govern or get out." The former alternative is beyond expectation. The question is, then, whether we should a low home rule to be wrested in morsels with heartburnings and hatred, as in Ireland, or, bestow it frankly with as good grace as we can muster. It is, however, to be hoped that one grave error will be avoided—that the unit for home rule will not be India but each Indian province. The supreme authority of the Viceroy and his Council should be maintained in our relations with the Native States, for the control of the Army and the determination and collection of the Customs duties.

A Rangoon message says:—Sergeant L. Hope (34), R.E., stationed at Monkey Point, was found yesterday morning hanging with a rope round his neck from the door of his bungalow. The inquest disclosed the fact that the deceased killed himself while temporarily insane. He was in Rangoon several years and was well liked.

PROTECTION FOR IND AN INDUSTRIES.

THE COMMISSION RESUMES SITTING.

(From our Correspondent.)

CALCUTTA, Jan. 3.

The Indian Industrial Commission, which was spending Christmas, have examined four witnesses from Cachar in Assam. Sir Rajendranath Mukerjee presided and among other members of the Commission present were Sir Francis Stewart. Mr. C. E. Low, Hon. Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya, and Mr. A. Chatterjee.

The first witness examined was Mr. F. J. Edl, Civil Engineer, Silchar nominated by the Cachar branch of the Indian Tea association. In the course of his evidence, witness said that as regards financial aid to industrial enterprises, he did not think there were any difficulties to remove where the concerns were sound. He was not a believer in government aid. In the districts from which he came. except in what might be called their own department, namely railways agriculture, forestry and all works connected with the country and its improvements generally. Regarding the training of labour and supervision, witness said that he looked upon every factory, which was, properly run, the best type of the technical school. In most wellrun factories, there were one or two Europe trained and fully qualified engineers who were training Indians to be expert mechanics, carpenters, blacksmiths. tinsmiths etc. Witness himself with the aid of his staff had to train many hundreds of Indian artizans. In many factories one could find men who first came to the tea garden as ordinary coolies five or six years before, but were now in charge of machinery worth over half a lakh of rupees all the training having been received on the garden. Not only was the factory a technical school, but the life routine and work on the garden was an education in itself, both for the Indian and the young European fresh from home.

The value of cattle owned by time expired coolies ran into crores of rupees. The sugar cane mills owned by time expired coolies in the Surma valley alone were worth over four lakhs of rupees. In all industries he had been connected with in Assam Bengal, the Dooars, Chittagong and Cachar all the Europeans were certainly training thousands of Indian, and it was a very good training too. That was all being done without costing Government a single penny. He was positive that many people did not know what European capital and tea industry had done for Indian. Tea industry was now the most prosperous in India and it only wanted to be left alone internally. Continuing witness said that a government should not run or aid a new enterprise which was likely interfere with the expensively imported and trained labour of an existing enterprise.

PROVINCIAL BOARDS.

Hon. Mr. Ramani Mohon Das who was examined next, said that the state should regulate and protect labour, organize and assist technical education and encourage new industries as well as cottage industries. For this purpose he suggested the establishment of a Board of development in each province with a similar board in the Government of India. He suggested also the abolition of the director of agriculture. Witness further said that Indian concerns were handicapped for want of banking facilities. It was a pity that the existing banks had so far helped Indian concerns but little. Continuing witness said that railway freight would account for a large rise in the price of Ahmedabad piece goods in Calcutta and this had therefore been the subject of complaint by Indian Merchants. In view of the fact that Indian railways were earning high dividends, a reduction if freight should fittingly be taken up now.

Hon. Babu Radhabinod Das pleader of sylhet who was next examined said that the Government should guarantee the purchase of the products of Indian concerns for a limited period. Government should refuse to go in for foreign products whenever articles of a tolerably good quality were available in the country. The most necessary form of state aid for promoting Indian industries was the imposition of protective tariffs. Free trade was a necessity for England which had to depend upon foreign countries for her raw materials. But India was a self-contained country and all she needed at present was the aid of protective tariffs in order that she might recover her market from the foreigner.

Babu Digish Chandra Chuckerbutty Dewan Gouripur State Assam examined said that the object of Co-operative Credit societies should be to supply capital, obtain raw materials, at the cheapest rates, try improved methods by experts and sell at the best advantage thus doing away with several middle man's Profits.

The Commission left this afternoon for Ganhati and Shillong.

INDIAN SCIENCE CONGRESS.

(Associated Press.)

LAHORE, Jan. 3.

The Indian Science Congress also meets at town hall Lahore next week. Sir Michael O'Owyer will deliver inaugural address, while Dr. Gilbert Walker F.R.S. Inspector General of Observatories will preside. The Congress will hold experimental lectures and demonstrations at chemical laboratory of Government College Lahore and at a local cinema.

INDIAN LIBRARY CONFERENCE.

(Associated Press.)

LAHORE, Jan. 3.

The Indian Library Conference meets at Government College, Lahore to-morrow. Mr. Sharp, Secretary, Government of India, Education Department will preside, while J. M. Mitra, Assistant Secretary in the same department will act as Secretary. The Conference will hold its sittings for four days. A number of delegates including Prof. Jodunath Sarkar of the Hindu University have already arrived and others are expected.

CONVICTED OF MURDERING HIS AUNT.

ACCUSED SENTENCED TO DEATH.

(Associated Press.)

LUCKNOW, Jan. 3.

The judgment of Mr. H. J. Bell, Sessions Judge of Jhansi in the case of King Emperor vs. E. A. R. Nyss after recounting the circumstances of the crime states that in the course of enqiry, after the finding of the murdered woman's bangles the accused made a confession to the District Magistrate of having murdered Mrs. Donovan. The confession was made on 9th October, the crime having been committed about 4 a.m. on the 6th. The accused on 17th October retracted his confession. The Sessions Judge held that the case against the accused rested on this confession and other circumstances relied on by the prosecution. The facts supporting the confession were that the murderer knew enough of the house to find his way to the north bathroom to wash his hands and did not use the south bathroom, the one for ordinary use. A thief from outside would not have delayed to wash his hands. No part of the stolen property was taken from the house. When the accused left Lucknow to go to Jhansi he had only Rs. 3 left. He managed to travel without a ticket and on 6th October had only 9 annas. The gold bangles were said to be worth Rs. 250 and accused himself pointed to the bath tub under which the trace of a bangle was found. The bangles were known to the accused, for deceased wore them habitually and was wearing them at dinner the night before the murdor. Accused dined with her that evening.

For accused, it was contended that his agitation when he went to the police, at the funeral, and at other times was result of genuine grief which he displayed at times by weeping. The Prosecution contend this was the result of remorse or fear or mental perturbation such as does affect the criminal in many cases. There is one circumstance, says the judgment, that favours this view. It is that he almost fainted and had to be given brandy when police were at the house. This would indicate that his feeling was much stronger than that due to grief or agitation. merely because his aunt had been murdered. It is suggested also that the Khukri and the stolen property were placed where they were found by some outsider there being evidence to shew that various persons had and could have had access to the house before and after the arrival of the police. But it is not easy to see how anything of the kind could have been done. Reliance also is placed on the fact that the deceased's left hand was seriously injured 3 fingers being cut off and yet the rings were not removed. Perhaps the accused did not notice them, or perhaps he attempted to remove them and failed. Of course, the fingers may have been cut in a vain attempt by the deceased to protect her head with her hands.

The judge said the assessors who would acquit, did so because there was no eyewitness, and the evidence was circumstantial. Differing from the two assessors and agreeing with one he found accused guilty. He was young but the murder was so atrocious that there was insufficient reason for inflicting a minor penalty and therefore he senteneed him to death. The proceedings to be laid before the High Court for confirmation subject to appeal.

The father of the accused is employed on the "Indian Daily Telegraph" as head reader.

DEATH OF CHIEF OF SIRGUJA.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, Jan. 3.

The following telegram has been received from the personal assistant to the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces:—We regret to report the death of Maharaja Bahadur Raghunath Saran Singh Deo, feudatory chief of Sirguja, which took place on the evening of December 31st.

MYSORE-ARSIKERE RAILWAY OPENED.

(Associated Press.)

MYSORE, Jan. 2.

The Mysore-Arsikere Railway, which will form an important through line between the metre gauge system of central and southern India and which would bring the city into more direct touch with Poona and Bombay, was formally opened by his Highness the Maharaja to-day.

AGRICULTURAL OUTLOOK.

Standing crops were in good condition during the week ended 1st instant in the Bombay Presidency. Harvesting of kharif crops is generally in progress. Picking of cotton continues in parts of Hyderabad, Thar Parkar, Nawabshah, Khandesh, Ahmednagar, Dharwar and Kathiawar. Rabi sowing is generally progressing. The supply of fodder is adequate. Agricultural stock is sufficient and cattle are in good condition. Supply of water for drinking and irrigation is sufficient. The prices of food-grains have slightly risen in parts of Karnatak and are generally steady elsewhere.

SALT AT LOW PRICE.

(Associated Press.)

ALLAHABAD, Jan. 3.

It is understood action is now being taken by some of the local governments with a view to arranging for the sale of salt at low prices to poorer classes on lines suggested in the Government of India letter issued in November last.

The Eastern Bengal Railway notifies temporary reduction in goods train service and suspension of bookings of jute owing to shortage of coal.

Mr. A. K. Cumming, Collector, Nilgiris, has taken over the duties of Inspector-General of Prisons, Madras.

ABNORMAL COAL PRICES.

DAHANU'S CHEAPER OFFER TO BOMBAY

With reference to the abnormal rise in the price of charcoal in Bombay which, it is feared, is likely to go up still higher owing to waggons not being available to merchants we are informed that Dahanu merchants are ready to supply 300 waggons of charcoal to the Bombay Food Committee at Rs. 150 per 100 baskets while the present rate is Rs. 225.

UNEXPECTED RISE IN PRICES.

To the Editor of the "Chronicle."

Sir,—I shall feel much obliged if you will be so good as to draw the attention of all concerned through the medium of your paper as to the tremendous rise in the prices of articles by leaps and bounds especially of Salt and Charcoal which are the necessaries of every day and the unlimited rise in their prices is telling very much on the poor and the middle classes.

It is extremely difficult in these very hard days for these classes of men to make both ends meet without incurring debts and the ever unexpected rise in prices is merely killing. The price of coal on date is Rs. 2 per Bombay maund and that of salt is annas 8 per pailee. Is it not necessary that either the Government or some such other authorities concerned must look into the affairs and take such steps as may be deemed necessary as soon as possible so as to get the prices reduced to enable the poor and the middle class men to live within their means. Their income remains the same while the prices in general have been unlimitedly increasing involving great difficulties and hardships on them.—Yours, etc.,

MAGANLAL V. PARAKH.

Girgaum, January 2.

BOMBAY UNIVERSITY COMPANY.

To the Editor of the "Chronicle."

Sir,—There are certain facts connected with the treatment given to the Bombay University Company by the military authorities that ought to be made public property. From the very start it was understood that the Company would be treated in all matters except that of pay on the basis of a British infantry unit. This was clear to all from the statemen made by Dr. Mackichan, the president of a recruiting meeting held at St. Xavier's College. It is now stated by the military authorities that they are not responsible for statements made by any civilian whoever he be. But there is further evidence to show that the original intention of the military authorities was to treat us as a British Company. We were addressed in official correspondence sent to us by the officer second-in-command as privates and in our passes and official letters we were addressed as such in the first fortnight of our camp stay. We would like to know which brilliant mind invented the word "student-sepoy." Either private or sepoy, would be something but "student-sepoy" is a sheer monstrosity. They tried to foist on us blouses and knickers but under a rigorous protest from Mr. Setalvad they have considered their decision. The result is shorts of all tints of khaki and shirts varying in colour from a flaming orange to a pale straw yellow. Funnier still the collar band is generally of one colour the sleeves of a second and the remainder of the shirt of a third. We are not given any tunics so that the shirt may be concealed in fact our uniform does not include any article like a military coat. It seems strange to us that officers who are themselves Englishmen do not recognize the fact that it is a distinct breach of manners to say the least—for an educated man to move about the streets without a coat. We were also in the beginning promised kit boxes and water bottles when we should reach Poona. Although more than a month out of the anticipated two months training is over we have never had a sight of those articles. The kit boxes I would be particularly valuable as the ground on which our tents are pitched abounds with white ants. We think that the Government should definitely confer British rights on a body of men drawn from the best classes of Indians and possessing educational qualifications which if they had been Englishmen would have entitled them to a King's commission. This ought particularly to be done as it would have a good effect on future recruitment and facilitate the work of the Man Power Board in India.—Yours, etc.,

"ONE IN THE KNOW."

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, Jan. 3.

The maket ruled extremely dull, neither jute mill shares nor coal shares met with any support to speak of, and bulk of business took place in miscellaneous section which covered large number of transactions. Following sales took place:—

Coal:—New Beerbhoom 53; Northern 11-4, 11-8, 10-8; Parasea 5-10, 5 and 6-8 s. l.; Bench River 15 s. l.; Satpukuria 10; Sowardih 14-12; West Tetturya 10.

Jute:—Alliance (ord) 503, 505; Clive (ord) 157, 155, 154, 153-8; Empire (ord) 46-12; Fort William (ord) 257; Howrah (new) 25; Kamarhatty (ord) 425, 421; Kelvin (ord) 619; Lawrence (ord) 430; Lansdowne (ord) 260; Lansdowne (pref) 107, 105; Northbrook (ord) 41; Reliance (new) 24-12.

Tea:—Pussumbing 12-12.

Miscellaneous:—Bengal Nagpur Cotton (ord) 155; Bisra Lime 35-8, 35-12 Bandoan Varieties 11-4; British Burma Petrolium 8-12, 9; Calcutta Tram 99, 100 s. l.; Campardown Pressing Co. 74; Fort William Flour 27; Howrah Oil (ord) 62-8, 63; Kalyanpur Lime 13-8, 13-12; Mengkiboi Rubber 27, 27-4; Mymensingh Bhariab Bazar Railway (rebate) 94, 45; Russa Engineering 243-8 s. l.; Reliance Fire Brick Pottery 15-8; Steel Products 3-4 p; Tata Industrial Bank 1-8 to 2-8 p.

Government Paper three and a half per cent. was quoted at Rs. 69 to Rs. 69-4 and small lots were done at Rs. 69-8 to Rs. 69-10.

Mr. O. D. C. Glanville, Barrister-at-Law, has been appointed District Magistrate, Rangoon, for the duration of the war, the permanent officer having gone on military duty. This is the first time in Rangoon that a member of the local bar has been called upon to replace a stipendiary magistrate.

MUNICIPAL STANDING COMMITTEE.

HEALTH OFFICER GOING ON LEAVE.

A meeting of the Standing Committee of the Bombay Municipal Corporation was held yesterday, Mr. Meyer Nissim presiding, when consideration was given to a letter from the Executive Health Officer asking for six months' leave preparatory to retirement.

It was proposed to forward the letter to the Corporation for information and taking steps for filling up the post.

Sir Sassoon J. David said he should like to know how Dr. Turner's place was to be filled up. It would be a difficult task.

Dr. N. H. E. Sukhia said Dr. Turner was entitled to the leave and they could not refuse leave.

The Committee resolved to grant Dr. Turner six months' leave and forward his letter to the Corporation for information.

IMPROVEMENT OF THE CITY.

SIR IBRAHIM ON THE CORRECT METHOD

A special meeting of the City Improvement Trust Board was held yesterday. Mr. J. P. Orr presiding, when the amendment to section 49 (A) empowering the Trust to acquire parts of properties for improvement was again considered. The chairman said the draft resolution was that the amendment be adopted and forwarded to Government for necessary action in the matter. If Sir Ibrahim had any amendments to move it was better they should be brought forward.

Sir Ibrahim said their visit to the two systems of improvement carried out in two different areas had completely disposed of the whole question regarding the amendment to the section, for adopting a different method of improvements from that which had been eminently successful both sanitarily and financially. It would greatly facilitate the work before the meeting if the Board indicated whether they agreed with the views he personally held, or whether they considered that the draft amendment should be passed. His visit had conclusively established the difference between the two methods. Here were two different schemes which had been carried out, one at Underia and another at Koliwada. The chairman had been persistently agitating in the corporation for the amendment of the Municipal by-laws and there had been no one who had been so keen as the chairman. But what had been the result of the Improvement Trust schemes? The Municipal by-laws required that there should not be less them 100 sq. feet between the houses, but under the Trust scheme only 80 sq. feet were allowed, and Mr. Orr wanted to perpetuate this wrong system. He had been very particular about light and ventilation in the Municipal by-laws, but these considerations were entirely neglected in the Improvement Trust schemes. He asked the Trustees whether there was good light and ventilation, in the buildings under the new scheme, at any hour of the day. There was not sufficient light, and did the chairman wish to perpetuate the system? But under the system of demolition there was good light in almost every room.

AN OFFICER TO TEST THE SCHEMES.

He wanted the Municipal Commissioner to depute an officer to find out which of the schemes was better. In the Koliwada scheme they had spent less and effected greater improvement in that portion of the town. They had improved an area of 30,000 sq. yards at a cost of nearly Rs. 3 lakhs, while in the Underia Street scheme they had spent about as much money on a much smaller area. On what basis did the Chairman say that the wholesale demolition was a prohibitive system? What was the primary duty of the Trust? It was to improve the sanitary condition of the city by taking up schemes.

Sir Ibrahim then went into the whole question of the origin of the Trust and said that the Chairman had brought forward no arguments in support of his scheme. The only two arguments the Chairman had were these that total demolition was prohibitive in cost, and that it displaced a greater percentage of the population. The chairman had got nothing more to say than this. It was the essential duty of the Trust to provide for the displaced men and this the late chairman, Mr. Walter Hughes. had done, which the present chairman was not doing. Sir Ibrahim asked the chairman to produce proofs in support of his contention and said that a great deal of bitterness had been created by the methods adopted by the chairman without any reasonable grounds. Simply because the Trust has the power to acquire land they should not do so.

Mr. Cowasji Jehangir said by carrying the amendment to the section, which would empower the Chairman and the Trust to acquire parts of houses to carry out improvements, their schemes would be less sanitary, as the Chairman had said that they would be able to build more houses under the new scheme. He wanted the chairman to show the Trust the comparative betterment values under the two schmes of Underia Street and Koliwada.

Sir Lawless Hepper said that a simple question was being complicated for nothing.

Sir Ibrahim said that the Chairman had brought forward an identical amendment at the time of taking up the Underia Street scheme, but it was rejected at the time. They said at the time that unless the Chairman proved his contention the Trust would not accept his proposal.

The Chairman said the he could not prove his case unless he had two portions worked under the different schemes. There was some desultory discussion at this stage and the consideration of the question was adjourned.

At a meeting of the directors of the Bank of Madras held on 2nd January, a dividend at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum and a bonus of 2 per cent. per annum was declared and, the sum of Rs. 4,02,306-3-6 was carried forward.

HORSES AT LARGE.

LOOSE FROM PADDOCK.

Many of Bombay's streets presented quite a novel appearance on Wednesday night, when over 700 horses, getting loose from a paddock in the compound of the Byculla Club, coursed through practically the whole of the city. The animals which belonged to Messrs Baldock Ltd., were imported into Bombay about five days ago, and kept in the paddock in the compound of the Byculla Club. It would appear that one of the animals suddenly became restive and succeeded in breaking open the gates. He thus got out of the compound, and other animals numbering about 750, followed suit. They then ran in all directions in herds of 25, 50 and 100 and passed through several localities including Bhendi Bazaar, Pydhonie, Dhobi Talao, Fort, Walkeshwar, Pedder Road etc. People passing along roads in these localities were bewildered at seeing such big herds galloping towards them and they ran for all they were worth and climbed up verandhas of houses and turned into bye-lanes to avoid the horses. Fortunately however it was about midnight when the stampede of horses began and the streets had very few people at that hour. Only one person sustained a severe injury on the Bhendy Bazaar Road. The employees of Messrs. Baldock Ltd., chased the animals and succeeded in securing a large number of them during the night, and the remaining animals were expected to be caught during the course of yesterday.

FIVE ANIMALS RUN OVER BY TRAINS.

One of the herds got on to the B. B. and C. I. Railway lines at Grant Road and five of the animals were killed by passing trains between Marine Lines and Grant Road. Six others fell into a drain which cuts the railway line between Grant Road and Mahaluxmi and over which a small bridge is constructed. These animals were taken out under the direction of Khan Saheb Framji Dharwar, Station Master at Grant Road. Other animals continued to run along the lines and several trains had to be stopped for a time before the lines were cleared of the animals.

CASES OF SUSPICIUS CHOLERA IN BOMBAY.

The Health officer of the Bombay Municipality writes:—

Cases of suspicious Cholera have occurred in the City during the past 7 days chiefly amongst the poorer classes of A. B. C. and D Wards. On inquiry it is ascertained that stale fish and tinned food have been partaken of owing to the difficulty of obtaining fresh supplies.

All precautions are being taken as if the out-break was cholera. Patients are isolated and contacts kept under observation: All fish and stale food destroyed and places where they are exposed for sale kept under supervision.

PLAGUE AT AHMEDABAD.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The havoc which plague worked in Ahmedabad and the rapidity with which it enveloped the city and suburbs and finally spread to villages and towns roundabout inclined me to think that a timely move towards early evacuation and inoculation might confine it and probably stamp it out in a short time.

News reached me, about this time, saying that Kaira was affected. I at once sought the co-operation of the Civil Surgeon—Dr. Merchant—and he very kindly consented to utilize all hutting material that I might send him. Mr. Amratlal Chunilal Dalal and Dr. Nanchand K. Modi, L. M. & S., having consented to work as Hon. Secretaries with me, we collected what little we could and despatched the first lot of material. Mr. Amratlal, one of the Joint Secretaries, was sent to Kaira to ascertain the actual local wants and a wire from him induced us to immediately send the second lot. I am happy to learn that Dr. Merchant has been able to give relief to some 132 Mahomedans and 66 Hindus. Next day he asked for more material again, and we sent him the 3rd lot, which I trust will give relief to some 80 people. Dr. Merchant again writes for more material. His assistant, the Municipal Secretary, writes, "Received matting. This is not sufficient to supply the present want of the people as the most deserving men have stayed in infected localities, owing to want of hutting material." Our funds are exhausted. The need for material is urgent and acute. Hence this appeal for funds. This is God's work nearer home than Belgium and Mesopotamia. It concerns all castes, all creeds, all faiths, all nationalities. The distressed and the dying do so at our doors, under our very eyes. I appeal to all alike. Let us Hindus, Mahomedans, Parsis, Jews and all join in this common cause of crushing an enemy greater than the Huns by readily subscribing what we can. Money orders, letters, etc., may be addressed to the Plague Relief Fund, Bombay. Cash may be handed over to, and personal inquiries may be made from the undersigned. (Time 8 to 10 a.m.) Correspondence and accounts are open to the public, and can be seen from the undersigned.

Our present want seems to be about Rs. 3,000.

Yours, etc.,

H. D. CHATRAPATI, B.A.,

Joint Secretary, Plague Relief Fund,

(Head Master, J. L. New English School,

Ahmedabad).

January 2, 1917.

A public meeting of the citizens of Solapura in the Karia District and meeting of Dholera Talukdars unanimously passed resolutions welcoming the Right Hon. E. S. Montagu and his Excellency the Viceroy to the capital of the Bombay Presidency and hoping that the Swaraj Scheme adopted by the Indian National Congress and the All-India Moslem League will be given effect to by the Government of India.

HINDU GIRL'S DEATH.

FATAL ASSAULT BY HUSBAND.

Mr. A. R. King, Acting Coroner, concluded at the Coroner's Court yesterday the adjourned inquest touching the death of Awdabai, a Hindu girl, aged about twenty years, who met with her death immediately after an assault alleged to have been committed on her by her husband Luxman Bala on the 29th ultimo. Luxman was present at the enquiry.

Krishna Jotee, the deceased's brother, said that on the evening in question Luxman asked the deceased if she had obtained leave from her employer as he wanted to take her with him to his regiment. The deceased said there was no need for her to go to the regiment. Luxman then threw a stool at her which struck her on the hand, breaking her bangles. He then got up and gave the deceased four blows with his first on her side. The blows made her fall. She vomitted and died a few minutes after. Luxman then ran away.

The jury returned a verdict of death from rupture of the spleen caused by blows inflicted on the deceased by Luxman.

CHARGE OF CAUSING HURT.

ALLEGEDASSAULT ON MR. SARAFALLY MAMUJI.

At the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday, before Mr. Frank Oliveira, one Mahomedali Kaderbhai Sahiwala appeared in answer to a charge of causing hurt preferred against him by Mr. Sarafali Mamuji. Mr. H. A. H. Payne appeared for the complainant, while Mr. C. N. Kanuga and Mr. K. F. Nariman defended the accused.

Dr. D. R. Bardi House Surgeon, Sir J. J. Hospital, examined by Mr. Payne, said the complainant was brought to the hospital at 8-45 p.m. on the 19th November last. There was a contused wound, half an inch long by one-third deep on the crown of the head. It was a wound such as might have been caused by a bamboo. The complainant said he was struck by a bamboo.

Cross-examined by Mr. Kanuga, the witness said he saw the complainant three or four days after, and all these notes were made by the assistant.

COMPLAINANT EXAMINED.

The complainant, examined by Mr. Payne, said he was a leading member of the Dawoodi Bohra community, and since the suit in the High Court there had been bad feeling and he was excommunicated. On the evening of the 19th November last he was driving to his stables at Agripada. When he reached the Phul Guli corner there were some Bohras with lathia in their hands. He was given a blow on the head, and on turning round he saw the accused running away with a stick in his hand. He felt afraid and he asked his coachman to drive fast. He bled pretty profusely. He went to the stables, said his prayers, and then went to Tardeo and subsequently he made a complaint to the Police, who told him to go to hospital, which he did.

Questioned by the Court, complainant said he did not at once go to the Police because he was confused and also because he wanted to say his prayers.

CROSS-EXAMINATION.

Cross-examined by Mr. Nariman, the complainant said he did not at once complain to the Police stationed on the road because he was confused and he was afraid as there were many Bohras there he was assaulted. He went from the stables to the Adamji Pirbhoy Factory at Tardeo to take somebody with him to the police station. He was afraid and he wanted to take somebody with him from there because they were his friends. Sir Adamji's sons were the principal men on his side. He showed them the wound. He went to the factory about 7 p.m. and from there left in a motor car for the Pydhownie Police station. The complaint was taken down at 8-30 p.m. At the Police station he saw Inspector Power, whom he told he had been assaulted at Phul Guli. In the other case he had mentioned Kandi Mohalla. Phul Guli and Kandi Mohalla were the same street. Inspector Power sent a "Jemadar" to accompany him to hospital. Witness did not know if the Inspector ordered the "Jemadar" to make enquiries and whether the "Jemadar" came and reported that no assault had taken place. He did go out the next day, but he was considering whether he should proceed against the accused.

AFRAID OF BEING KILLED.

He was afraid that if he sat quiet he might be killed one day. He was one of the leaders of the Bohra community. He was a leader and he was made a "sheikh" by the Mullaji Saheb. He had done much for his community and had spent large sums for it. It was not true that he had many enemies outside the Bohra community. It was not true that he took Rs. 45,000 from one lady for helping her in a suit. He took money from her to pay solicitors' bills. He was not convicted of disorderly behaviour thirty years ago. It was totally untrue to say that this case was brought to bring Nomanbhai and others in. The delay in filing a complaint was not because he wanted to consider whom to charge.

Some more evidence was recorded, and further hearing adjourned.

THE BANK OF BARODA, LIMITED.

The net profit of the Bank of Baroda, Ltd., for the year ended 31st December, 1917, subject to audit including the sum of Rs. 26,087 brought forward amounts to Rs. 2,91,892 being Rs. 45,113 in excess of last year.

An ad-interim dividend at the rate of 9 per cent. per annum was paid for the half year ended 30th June, 1917, and the Directors now propose to pay a final dividend for the half year ended 31st December, 1917, at the rate of 11 per cent. per annum (making in all 19 per cent. for the year) and to transfer Rs. 1,25,000 to Reserve Fund increasing that Fund to Rs. seven lakhs.

BANK OF BENGAL.

After providing for the payment to the Bank's staff of a bonus of 12½ per cent. on their yearly salaries, the Bank of Bengal has declared a dividend and Bonus to the Shareholders for the past half year at the rate of 17 per cent per annum free of Income Tax absorbing. Rs. 17,00,000; Transferred to Reserve Fund Rs. 4,00,000; Gratuity and Pension Fund Rs. 50,000; Carried forward Rs. 4,49,889-13-8; Total Profit Rs. 25,99,889-13-8.

Bank of Bengal rate of interest has been raised by one per cent. and now stands at 6 per cent.

A deputation of the Linjarak Sabha consisting of Messrs. Shivabhai M. Patel Vallavabhoy J. Patel and Krishnalal N. Desai visited Wasad on 30th ultimo for propagandist work.

ASTHMA

Radical and Sure Cure.

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Benares City.

DEAR SIRS,

Your famous medicine for Asthma, was bought by me in May last. I took, regularly the medicine from June for one month, thence I am quite free from the troublesome attacks. I have engaged myself to circulate the very good efficacy of your medicine.

Yours faithfully.
Dr. HARENDRA NATH DUTT.
Meherpur.

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and its suburbs our manufactured

COSSI SILK JIT PIECES

SUITABLE FOR THE SEASON

so much liked for their durability, softness and excellent texture. Each piece is worth the price and is guaranteed for

ONE SUIT COMPLETE.

Price **Rs. 8** Per piece.

Order a piece To-day and mark what you save in the long run.

Order from—

GOOD LUCK COMPANY

BENARES CITY (India).

NEW INDIA DIARY 1918

By

MRS. BESANT

Will be available at the Home Rule League, 251, Hornby Road, Bombay in the Second week of January.

PRICE ANNAS. **4.**

Postage Extra.

Orders Registered now.

YOUR WASTE PAPER.

WHAT BECOMES OF IT?

Don't throw it away. Every scrap can be made good use of.

Hand it over to the Salvation Army to be used for Paper-making. And,—

(1 You will help to carry on the good work the Salvation Army is doing.

(2) You will help to find work for the many POOR who are dependent on us daily.

(3) You will be assisting an Indian Industry by supplying material for Paper-making.

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We supply bags and collect anywhere.

We pay freight on any waste paper sent from the mofussil.

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KING EDWARD VII INDUSTRIAL HOME.
Ripon Road, Jacob's Circle.
BOMBAY.
Telephone No. 2416.

COMMERCIAL.

CABLE QUOTATIONS.

COTTON.

OPENING TONE AND PRICES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

Liverpool, Jan 2nd.

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—

New Contracts.

Months.	To-day's prices
January	22.92+15
March.	22.69+13
May	22.55+12

Old Contracts

Months	To-day's prices.
Jan	21.63
Jan.-Feb	21.53
Feb.-Mar	21.44
Mar. Apl.	21.35 +12
Apl.-May	21.27
May-June	21.19
June-July	21.11

AMERICAN MARKETS.

New York, Dec. 31st.

Day's Exports to Great Britain to Continent..	9,000 Nil
Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality)	8½
Demand Bills	4.75 15
Silver Commercial Bars	66½

MONEY MARKETS.

London, Dec. 31st.

Bar Silver Spot	43 1/2
Closing Tone of Silver:—Steady.	
Discount Bank of England Rate 5 per cent. since 5th April 1917	
Discount Bank Bills 3 m/ss	4 3/16
Discount Indian Bank Bills 6 m/st.	4 1/16
Fine Trade Bills 3 months	4 7/8
" " " 6 "	4 7/8
Interest day to day loans	3 1/4
" 7 day market loans	4 1/8
Consols 2½ %	54½
Rupee Paper 5½ %	45½
Indian Stock 3½ % Sterling Loan	62½
Government Securities 5 %	64½
Ex. on London at Paris Francs	27.28

WAR LOANS.

London, Dec. 31st

5½ % 1925—1928	£88½
4c % 1925—1945	£89½
5% New	£93 13/16

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

London, Dec. 31st.

LINSEED.

Linseed Calcutta Nov.-Dec. Value	585

METALS.

English best Selected Copper	£131
Standard Copper G. M. B.	£119½
Hard Spelter Nominal	

RUBBER.

Para Rubber Fine Hard Cure Dec.-Jan. Buyers	2/8½
Plantation First Latex Crepe Jan.-Mar	2/6½

BOMBAY MARKET.

COTTON.

(From our Commercial Correspondent.)

Bombay, Jan. 3.

This morning the nominal quotation for Good Broach April was Rs. 582. The tone of the Marwadi bazaar on opening was easier and Good Broach was quoted Rs. 578, and declined to Rs. 573 on profit taking and free offerings. Later on, however, buyers came into the market and the price advanced to Rs. 579, and then to Rs. 580½. At Colaba business was done in Good Broach at Rs. 586, in Fine Khamgaon Akola January at Rs. 596, and March at Rs. 576. The market closed steady at our quotations.

Ready cotton is firm with a fair enquiry by exporters and mills, particularly for high class lots and good stapled cotton.

QUOTATIONS 6 P.M.

NEW CROP

Good Broach	April	587
Fine Warrah Khamgaon	January	640
" Nagpur Kampti	"	635
" Khamgaon Akola	"	595
" Khandesh	"	579
" Wardha	"	573
" Berars	"	592
Fully Good Bengal	"	470

QUOTATIONS 9-30 P.M.

NEW CROP.

Broach Good	April	584
Akola	January	594
Bengal Fully Good	January	468

THE BOMBAY COTTON EXCHANGE CO., LD.

Market Quotation for Ready and Forward Delivery Contracts as fixed by the Rate Committee of the Exchange.

COLABA, 3rd Jan. 1918. at 5 p.m.

Growths	Super Fine	Fine	Fully Good	Good	Delivery
Bengals (M.G)	..	505	475	..	Ready
Scinde-Punjab (M.G.)	..	585	475	..	Ready
Khandesh (M.G.)	..	576	546	..	Ready
Akola Khamgaum Karanja (M.G.)	..	598	572	..	Ready
Nagpore	..	640	620	..	Ready
Wardha H'ghat (M.G.)	..	640	620	..	Ready
Broach (st.)	..	..	..	585	1/25th Apl: 18

BOMBAY COTTON TRADES ASSOCIATION.

QUOTATIONS 3RD JANUARY 1918.

Growths.	Fine	F.G	Gd.	Delivery.
M.G. Bengals	485	465		1-25 January
M.G. Sind Punjab	495	465		"
M.G. Wardha	635			"
M. G. Nagpore	635			"
M.G. Khamgaon Akola Hair staple	590			"
M.G. Khandeish	570			"
M.G. Muthia	560			"
M.G. Broach	..		580	1-25 April.

*** RECEIPTS.**

The following are the receipts of cotton produce, etc., for the 48 hours ending 6 p.m. of 2nd January:—

Cotton	9,810 bales.
Wheat	20,213 cwts.
Linseed	5,112 "
Rape, Rai & Mustardseed, etc.	458 "
Gingelly seed	453 "
Poppyseed	Nil
Groundnuts	11 "
Castorseed	2,515 "
Rice	5,295 "
Myrabolams	Nil
Cottonseed	49 "
Mowrahseed	Nil
Gram	4,456 "
Jowar	1,478 "
Wheat	Nil
Barley	5,169 "

*These figures do not include the arrivals by sea, which are not available.

BULLION.

The silver market was quiet but steady.
Bar Gold 77-11.
Sovereign 17-3.
Silver Ready ex-duty 100-2
Silver 1st Settlement 100-2
Silver 2nd Settlement ex-duty 100-3.

EXCHANGE.

Bank Tel. Transfer 1/4 31/32.
Bank demand drafts 1/5 1/32.
3 months' sight credits 1/5 13/32.
Bank demand on France Fr. 192½.
3 months' Sight France Fr. 201.
D. D. on Hongkong Rs. 215.
D. D. on Shanghai Rs. 308.
T. T. on Japan Rs 150.
60 days' sight Japan Rs. 143½.
D. D. on New York Rs. 207½.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

The following are the nominal rates:—
5 per cent War Loan 1929-47.
Cum-warrant 95.
Warrant 0-8-0 per cent.
4 per cent Conversion Loan 82.
4 per cent Conversion Terminable Loan 90.
3½ per cent small pieces 69½.
3 per cent small pieces 57.
4 per cent Port Trust Bond guaranteed redeemable 3 months' notice 86.
4 per cent Port Trust Bond guaranteed long-dated 79½.
Municipal long-dated 78½.
Municipal short-dated 96.
City Improvement Trust 60 years' Jan-July 78.
5 per cent Municipal Tansa 93.
Sanitary 92.
The following are the Bank rates:—
Bank of Bombay 6 per cent
Bank of Bengal 5 per cent
Bank of Madras 6 per cent

SHARES.

The share market was easy due to weak-holders' selling on account of the approach of the January settlement.

The following are the closing rates of the Bombay Stock Exchange:—

Swadeshis 1885, Textiles 2150, Standards 2,080, Simplexs 842/8, Shapurjis 132/8, Pearls 397/8, New Greats 295, Maneckji Petits 2050, Madhavjees 2150, Kohinoors 1010, Indore Malwas, 377/8, Indian Bleachings 212/8, Finlays 410, Fazulbhoys 802/8, Davids 600, Currimbhoys 410, Crescents 250, Colaba 1340, Century 415, Nagpurs 2550, Bombay Uniteds 845, Indian Cements 335, Katnis Deferreds 1400, Tatas Ordinary 257/8, and Deferreds 1115, Alcocks 1100, Bombay Trams 375, Bombay Steams 285, and Bombay Burmas 1050.

The following are the closing rates of the New Stock Exchange:—

Standards 2002/8, Madhavjees 2210, Nagpurs 2570, Swadeshis 1900, Fazuls 805, Indore Malwas 382/8, Indian Bleachings 220, Crescents 250, Currimbhoys 412/8, Pearls 615, Simplexs 852/8, Davids 617/8, Bombay Uniteds 850, New Greats 300, Finlays 420, Kohinoors 1015, Century 425, Tatas Ordy. 265/4, Deferreds 1125, Bombay Burmas 1060, Bombay Trams 370, Alcocks 1150, Swans 502/8, and Bombay Steams 262/8.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

The bank's profit for the half-year ended 31st December 1917 stands as follows:—
Total profit Rs. 16,77,470-4-11.
To dividend at the rate of 15 per cent per annum and Bonus at the rate of 2 per cent per annum both free from Income tax Rs. 8,50,000.
Special Jubilee Bonus at 1 per cent per annum free from Income Tax Rs. 50,000.
Transferred to Reserve Fund Rs. 4,00,000.
Transferred to Pension Fund Rs. 50,000.
Carried forward Rs. 3,27,470-4-11.
Total Rs. 16,77,470-4-11.

INDIAN WAR LOAN.

BOMBAY POST OFFICE SECTION.

Bombay, Jan. 3rd.

	Rs.
Cash Certificates	1,387-4-0
Total up-to-date	24,96,133

PLAGUE IN THE PRESIDENCY.

Mortality from plague in Districts and Native States in the Bombay Presidency during the week ending 29th December, occurred as follows:—

Bombay City 16; Ahmedabad City 127; other places in Ahmedabad District 478; Kaira District 415; Broach City 5; other places in Broach District 59; Surat City 46; other places in Surat District 62; West Khandesh District 157; Satara District 403; Nasik District 89; Ahmednagar District 64; Poona City 135; other places in Poona District 107; Sholapur City 56; other places in Sholapur District 191; Kolaba District 2; Ratnagiri District 3; Belgaum District 210; Hubli City 2; other places in Dharwar District 123; Kolhapur and Southern Maratha Country States 214; Bhavnagar City 20; Mangrol 5; Jamnagar 24; Salay 1; Mahuva 2; other places in Kathiawar Agency 367; Surat Agency 5; Satara Agency 62; Bijapur Agency 10; Bhor State 12; Akalkote State 24; and Janjira State 4; total 4,158.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

Issue of 6, 9 and 12 Months' Treasury Bills.

The Banks of Bengal, Bombay and Madras have been authorised under the Government of India Notification No. 2255-F. of the 13th October 1917 to issue **Treasury Bills** for six, nine and twelve months.

2. These Bills will be issued in denominations of Rs. 5,000, Rs. 10,000, Rs. 25,000, Rs. 50,000, Rs. 1 lakh, Rs. 5 lakhs and Rs. 10 lakhs.

3. The rates payable will be notified from time to time. The present rates are as follows:—

For six months' Bills **Rs. 97-9 per cent** representing an annual yield as interest of 4.997 per cent.

For nine months' Bills **Rs. 96 per cent** representing an annual yield as interest of 5.555 per cent.

For twelve months' Bills **Rs. 95 per cent** representing an annual yield as interest of 5.263 per cent.

4. Bills will be repayable at maturity at the Presidency Banks of issue.

5. The Bill will be in the form appended. If the name of the payee be not filled in the Bill will be paid to the bearer; it will otherwise be payable to the payee or his order.

6. Bills can be obtained during banking hours at the head offices of the Banks of Bengal, Bombay and Madras.

7. Applications for Bills will also be received at the branches of the Bank of Bengal at Cawnpore, Rangoon and Lahore, and at the Karachi Branch of the Bank of Bombay. Transfers at par from these branches on the Head Office will be issued at above centres. Bills purchased at above centres will be paid at the branch of the Presidency Bank at which they were issued.

8. Brokerage at the rate of 1-16th per cent on the face value of the Bill will be paid on any application submitted through any recognised broker. No brokerage will be paid in the case of Bills taken up direct by Banks.

9. The Government of India reserve the right at any time to vary the rates payable for any class of Bills, to fix a limit to the amount of Bills to be issued in any week, and to discontinue issues of any class or classes of Bills.

FORM OF BILL.

This Treasury Bill entitles.....

or order to the payment of Rs.....at] a [Bank of Bengal / Bombay / Madras

out of the revenues of the Government of India on the..... day of.....1918.

The WAR and ROSE'S LIME JUICE.
The West Indian Lime has long been known to contain more Natural Health-giving properties than any other fruit. That is why
ROSE'S
LIME JUICE
is still unsurpassed as a Non-alcoholic Drink.
There are two kinds—the Sweetened (Lime Juice Cordial), and the Unsweetened (Prepared Lime Juice). The requirements of the War Office, British Red Cross Society and Y.M.C.A. for the B.E.F. and Hospitals are so urgent that supplies of ROSE'S LIME JUICE CORDIAL must be curtailed to the general public so long as the urgency exists. Should your dealer, therefore, be unable to supply, try a bottle of the Unsweetened Lime Juice at the same price and sweeten to your taste. ROSE'S LIME JUICE is an excellent preventive of Malarial Fevers, and is always
DELICIOUS, WHOLESOME & REFRESHING.
but be sure you get ROSE'S
—there are imitations.

Hope for the Hopeless!
SANTI OIL
It speedily and permanently cures nervous debility, etc. No unpleasant irritation. Absolutely safe and agreeably flavoured.
Correspondence strictly confidential.
Particulars Free.
The HEALTH HOME, Santa, Bengal.
Please mention this paper when writing to us.

THE QUEEN OF HAIR OILS

KAMINIA OIL Regtd.

This oil contains pure precious ingredients. It stops hair falling out stops itching, prevents dandruff, stimulates new growth and restores faded hair to its natural colour.

It is also very efficacious to Businessmen, Brain-workers, and Students as it keeps the brain cool, memory refreshed and scalp clean. Besides it is exquisitely perfumed. For superiority Gold Medal is awarded in the Mysore Exhibition. Use it once.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

Price Re. 1 per bottle.

Price Rs. 2-10-0 for 3 bottles.

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Formula of Dr. Plateau, of Paris, France.

One of the most effective remedies for Anemia, Chlorosis, etc. An invaluable tonic for Weak and Pale persons.

For sale by all leading Chemists and Druggists.

Sole Agents for Asia, China, British India:
MESSRS. M. T. MADON & COMPANY,
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CASH CHEMISTS,
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CASUALTY LISTS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 16.

The following casualties are announced :—

WOUNDED.

Second-Lieut E D Belton, Sherwoods.
Second-Lieut J F Brierley, Worcesters.
Lieut Fi Brindley, Sherwoods.
Capt H Brokensha, Engineers.
Lieut H C Cain, Service Corps.
Second-Lieut E E W Chittenden, Royal Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut J M Chitty, Grenadiers.
Lieut-Col L D B Cogan, Medicals.
Capt J V Cope, Medicals.
Capt J C Cornforth, Grenadiers.
Second-Lieut H F Cranswick, Rifle Brigade.
Second-Lieut W H Cremer, Essex.
Second-Lieut C W Crowell, Field Artillery.
Capt E Davies, Yeomanry.
Lieut W H S Dent, Grenadiers.
Lieut D Dewar, Scottish Rifles.
Second-Lieut H Drabble, Watlingtons.
Second-Lieut F H J Drummond, Grenadiers.
Lieut C W Derward, Highland Light Cyclist Battalion.
Second-Lieut A Elder, Yeomanry.
Second-Lieut C F S Fairbank, Tank Corps.
Second-Lieut L Fairney, Londons.
Second-Lieut A E Fell, Border Regiment.
Second-Lieut J McE Lancasters.
Second-Lieut P J Fisher, East Kents.
Second-Lieut S J Flaxman, Worcesters.
Capt D J Foley, Medicals.
Capt W Fotheringham, Medicals.
Lieut B Gaffney, Northumberlands.
Second-Lieut H E Galer, Field Artillery.
Capt P H Gates, Lincolns.
Capt R Gee, Royal Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut D Gibson, Lancasters.
Capt E Giles, Scottish Borderers.
Second-Lieut C S Gillespie, North Lancashires.
Capt E G Gillilan, Coldstreams.
Capt F W Goddard, Essex.
Second-Lieut A Grant, Lincolns.
Second-Lieut M H W Green, Lincolns.
Second-Lieut W A Groves, Berkshires.
Capt J C Harrison, Sherwoods.
Second-Lieut J Henderson, Lancasters.
Second-Lieut E E Higgs, Middlesex.
Capt J J A Holmesdale, Viscount Coldstreams.
Second-Lieut A C Honey, Worcesters.
Second-Lieut D E A Horne, Grenadiers.
Second-Lieut J C Horne, Londons.
Second-Lieut J E Inglis, Londons.
Second-Lieut C E Johnson, Horse Artillery.
Second-Lieut H V Jowett, Yeomanry.
Capt J S Keane, Veterinary Corps.
Lieut R Y T Kendall, Grenadiers.
Second-Lieut F Kiteley, Royal Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut D C Knott, Hampshires.
Capt P J Lane, Medicals.
Lieut P H G Layland-Barratt, Grenadiers.
Lieut J F Ledingham, Engineers.
Second-Lieut. W. B. St. Q. Lenz, Coldstreams.
Second-Lieut J Lucas, Royal Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut W Lunn, North Staffs.
Capt J H Luscombe, Guernsey Light Infantry.
Lieut F C Lynch-Blosse, Irish Guards.
Capt D C Mcardle, Medicals.
Capt D J F Macarthy, Worcesters.
Capt J K McConnel, Hussars.
Lieut R Macdonald, Scottish Borderers.
Second-Lieut A B Megregor, Royal Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut W H Mchaffie, Royal Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut G T Mcintosh, Highland Light Infantry.
Capt C W Mackay, Liverpools.
Second-Lieut M D Mackenzie, Field Artillery.
Capt R L Mackinnon, Gordons.
Second-Lieut W S Mclaren, Essex.
Second-Lieut G Y Menay, Scottish Borderers.
Lieut F A Magnay, Grenadiers.
Second-Lieut E J Maingot, Royal Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut E Major, Lancasters.
Lieut H F Marris, Engineers.
Lieut J B L Martin, Coldstreams.
Second-Lieut C E Morris, Berks.
Second-Lieut A E Mulholland, Horse Artillery.
Second-Lieut D Mumby, York and Lancashires.
Second-Lieut H I Nelson, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut K K Nethercleft, South Wales Borderers.
Second-Lieut E D W Nicholson, Highland Light Infantry.
Second-Lieut H E C Osborne, Berkshires.
Capt H F Parbury, Lancers.
Second-Lieut N E Parkes, Flying Corps.
Second-Lieut C E Raphael, Coldstreams.
Second-Lieut C W Rogers, Worcesters.
Lieut-Colonel G Rollo, Liverpools.
Capt F G Sherriff, York and Lancashires.
Second-Lieut F C Shorney, Horse Artillery.
Second-Lieut W Sinclair, Royal Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut C P Smith, Irish Regiment.
Second-Lieut D B Sowerby, Lincolns.
Brigadier-General E H Stevenson.
Lieut C H A Sturge, Machinegun Corps.
Second-Lieut D T Taylor, Scottish Rifles.
Second-Lieut W D C Thompson, Border Regiment.
Second-Lieut F H Thubron, Field Artillery.
Capt J E Tibbles, Medicals.
Capt J W Torrie, York and Lancashires.
Lieut E L Wall, Machinegun Corps.
Second-Lieut E A Wardley, Yord and Lancashires.
Capt J Watt, Scottish Borderers.
Second-Lieut E H Weston, Londons.
Second-Lieut W U Wilson, Londons.
Second-Lieut S S Wordley, Irish Guards.

WOUNDED, MISSING.

Capt J B M Burke, Grenadiers.
Second-Lieut E G Rees, Welsh Fusiliers.

MISSING, BELIEVED KILLED.

Second-Lieut W G Cary-Elwes, Irish Guards.
Capt W H Croome, Essex.
Second-Lieut A F Synge, Irish Guards.

MISSING BELIEVED WOUNDED.

Lieut N D Bayly, Irish Guards.
Second-Lieut J W M Dame, Irish Guards.
Lieut J F Worsley, Grenadiers.

MISSING.

Second-Lieut R G Box, Essex.
Second-Lieut A W K Cocker, Royal Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut W K Davy, Middlesex.
Lieut A F Goodchap, Gloucestere.
Lieut-Col C P James, South Lancashires.
Second-Lieut C W Phillips, Essex.
Second-Lieut W G Rea, Irish Guards.
Capt F B Ryan, Medicals.
Capt P M Walker, Medicals.

PREVIOUSLY WOUNDED PRISONER NOW DIED OF WOUNDS AS PRISONER

Capt H C Grace, Northamptons.

PREVIOUSLY WOUNDED NOW NOT WOUNDED.

Second-Lieut H J Armitage, Cornwalls.
Second-Lieut A H Middleton, Munsters.

LONDON, Dec. 17.

The following casualties are announced :—

MISSING.

Second-Lieut W T Ridgway, Border Regiment.
Second-Lieut C A Robertson, Manchesters.
Lieut J D Robinson, Essex.
Second-Lieut W J Robson, Yeomanry.
Capt A T Salvidge, Liverpools.
Capt J Shufflebotham, South Lancs.
Capt F J Smethurst, South Lancs.
Second-Lieut I A Stewart, Liverpools.
Lieut V T Thierens, South Lancs.
Lieut-Colonel L H W Troughton, Rifle Brigade.
Second-Lieut S F Velho, Liverpools.
Capt E H Ward, North Lancs.
Capt H G Whitaker, South Lancs.
Lieut H Whitworth, Sherwoods.
Capt C R Wills, Medicals.
Lieut C B Wray, North Lancs.

KILLED.

Lieut E Edwards, South Wales Borderers.
Lieut I C Macintyre, Machine Gun Corps.
Capt A J Renton, Essex.
Capt H De G Warter, Dragoon Guards.

PREVIOUSLY WOUNDED NOW KILLED.

Capt A T Abraham, Manchesters.
Second-Lieut C S Coakley, Shropshires.

PREVIOUSLY WOUNDED MISSING NOW KILLED.

Second-Lieut S E O Rothe, Middlesex.

PREVIOUSLY MISSING NOW KILLED.

Second-Lieut C M Rochie, Flying Corps.
Second-Lieut S J Oliver, Flying Corps.
Second-Lieut H N S Skeffington, Flying Corps.
Capt P A Stovold, West Surreys.

DIED OF WOUNDS.

Major H McMaster, Field Artillery.
Lieut A A Morphy, Service Corps.
Second-Lieut E A Morris, South Wales Borderers.

WOUNDED.

Major E A Anthony, Service Corps.
Second-Lieut A Barker, Worcesters.
Second-Lieut C H Beck Egyptian Labour Corps.
Second-Lieut W Chambers, Scottish Rifles.
Capt D McL Craik, Engineers.
Second-Lieut W P L Gordon, Norfolks.
Second-Lieut T W Hayes, Munsters.
Second-Lieut H Howarth, Garrison Artillery.
Lieut H J Levander, Hussars.
Lieut A R Mackenzie, Camerons.
Second-Lieut J N Marsh, Rifle Corps.
Second-Lieut J N Mason, Hussars.
Lieut W Maughan, Tank Corps.
Second-Lieut M Predergast, Munsters.
Capt F P Rankin, Medicals.
Lieut W K Rodger, Machine Gun Corps.
Lieut J H Souter, General List.
Second-Lieut J A Spence, Dublins.
Second-Lieut A H Walker, Cheshires.

PREVIOUSLY KILLED NOW PRISONERS.

Second-Lieut V Hield, South Staffords.
Capt W B Purvis, Manchesters.

PREVIOUSLY WOUNDED MISSING NOW PRISONERS.

Capt P B Evans, Royal Scots.
Second-Lieut A H Thorpe, Warwicks.

PREVIOUSLY MISSING NOW PRISONERS.

Second-Lieut B W Blight, Devons.
Second-Lieut E L Bostock, Tank Corps.
Second-Lieut J E V Chubb, Royal Scots.
Second-Lieut G A Drew, Devons.
Lieut W G Evans, Devons.
Second-Lieut J A M Fleming, Flying Corps.
Second-Lieut H E Fry, West Kents.
Second-Lieut O M Hills, Flying Corps.
Second-Lieut W H Jones, Flying Corps.
Second-Lieut W R Kingsland, Flying Corps.
Second-Lieut D McLaurin, Flying Corps.
Second-Lieut D A Rogers, Northumberlands.
Second-Lieut H Sears, Northumberlands.

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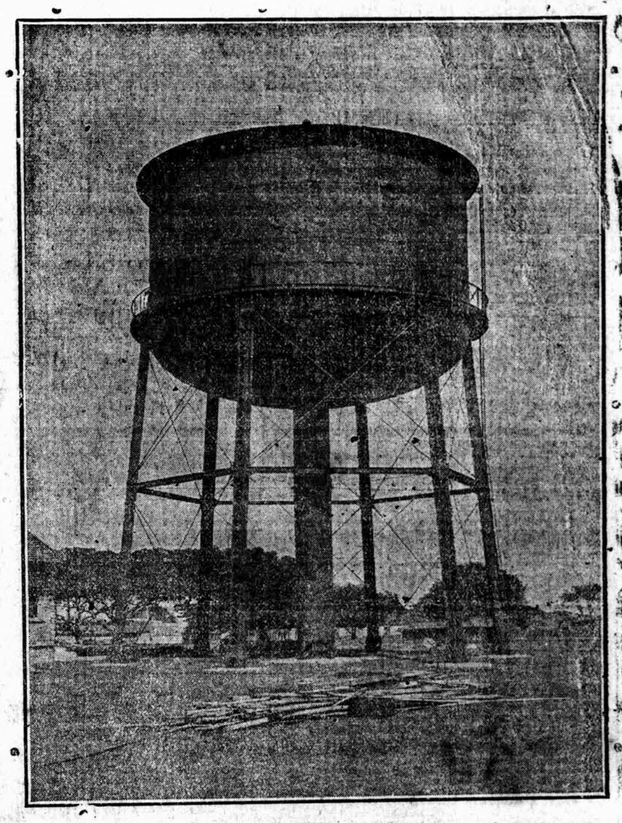

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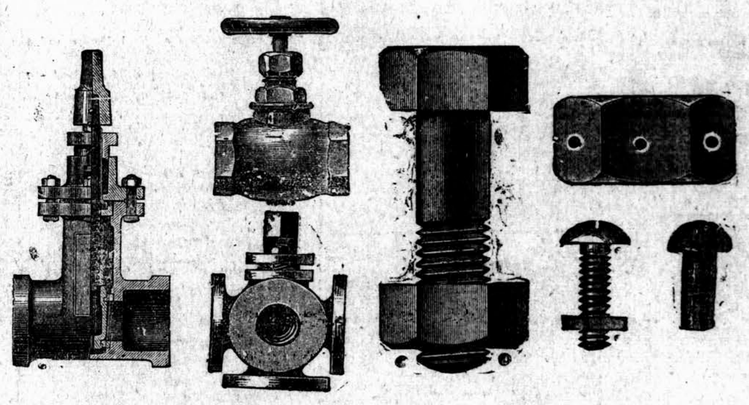

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